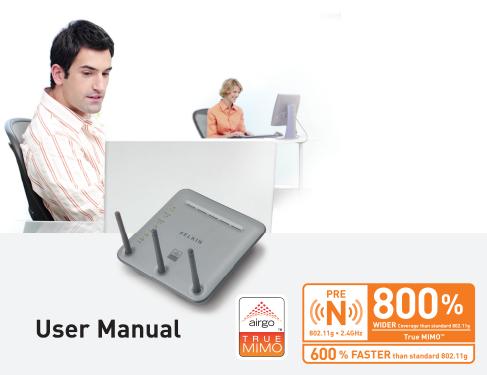
BELKIN[®]

Wireless Pre-N Router



Share your broadband Internet connection



F5D8230-4

1 Introduction

	Advantages of a Wireless Network
	Revolutionary 108Mbps Wireless Pre-N Technology with MIMO
	Placement of your Wireless Pre-N Router
2	Product Overview
	Product Features
3	Knowing your Router11
	Package Contents11
	System Requirements11
	Easy Install Wizard Software System Requirements 11
4	Connecting and Configuring your Router16
5	Alternate Setup Method24
6	Using the Web-Based Advanced User Interface42
	Changing LAN Settings43
	Viewing the DHCP Client List Page
	Configuring the Wireless Network Settings46
	Setting WPA Security51
	Setting WEP Encryption
	Using the Access Point Mode54
	Setting MAC Address Control55
	Configuring the Firewall57
	Using Dynamic DNS
	Utilities63
	Restarting the Router64
	Updating the Firmware69
7	Manually Configuring Network Settings77
8	Recommended Web Browser Settings82
9	How to Set Up your Network to Operate with AOL $^{\circ}$
_	for Broadband and your Network Router
) Troubleshooting 96
1′	1 Information

Thank you for purchasing the Belkin Wireless Pre-N Router (the Router). Following are two short sections—the first discusses the benefits of home networking, and the other outlines best practices that maximize your wireless home network range and performance. Please be sure to read through this User Manual completely, and pay special attention to the section entitled "Placement of your Wireless Networking Hardware for Optimal Performance" on the next page. By following our simple setup instructions you will be able to use your Belkin Home Network to:

- Share one high-speed Internet connection with all the computers in your home
- Share resources, such as files and hard drives among all the connected computers in your home
- Share a single printer with the entire family
- Share documents, music, video, and digital pictures
- Store, retrieve, and copy files from one computer to another
- Simultaneously play games online, check Internet e-mail, and chat

Advantages of a Wireless Network:

Mobility – you'll no longer need a dedicated "computer room" – now you can work on a networked laptop or desktop computer anywhere within your wireless range

Easy installation – Belkin's Easy Installation Wizard makes setup simple

Flexibility – set up and access printers, computers, and other networking devices from anywhere in your home

Easy Expansion – the wide range of Belkin networking products let you expand your network to include devices such as printers and gaming consoles

No cabling required – you can spare the expense and hassle of retrofitting Ethernet cabling throughout the home or office

Widespread industry acceptance – choose from a wide range of interoperable networking products

Revolutionary 108Mbps Wireless Pre-N Technology with MIMO

Your Belkin Wireless Pre-N Router uses a new smart antenna technology called Multiple Input Multiple Output (MIMO). MIMO is a smart antenna technique that increases speed, range, reliability, and spectral efficiency for wireless networking systems.

MIMO technology will be used for 802.11n, a standard for next-generation 802.11 products that boosts throughput to 100Mbps.

The element that makes Belkin's Pre-N MIMO technology different from a conventional radio is the use of three antennas and two simultaneous data streams to deliver wireless transfers around your home or office. A conventional radio uses one antenna to transmit a data stream. Belkin's smart antenna radio (MIMO), on the other hand, uses three antennas. This design helps combat distortion and interference. Belkin's Pre-N MIMO is multidimensional. It builds on one-dimensional smart antenna technology by simultaneously transmitting two data streams through the same channel, which increases wireless capacity.

Think of conventional radio transmission as a two-lane highway. The speed limit governs the maximum allowable flow of traffic through that lane. Compared with conventional radios, one-dimensional smart antenna systems help move traffic through that lane faster and more reliably—analogous to a four-lane road on which traffic consistently moves at a rate closer to the speed limit. Belkin's Pre-N MIMO helps traffic move at the speed limit and opens more lanes—to become the superhighway in this example. The rate of traffic flow is multiplied by the number of lanes that are opened.

During the 1990s, Stanford University researchers Greg Raleigh and V.K. Jones showed that a characteristic of radio transmission called multipath, which had previously been considered an impairment to radio transmission, is actually a gift of nature. Multipath occurs when signals sent from a transmitter reflect off objects in the environment and take multiple paths to the receiver. The researchers showed that multipath can be exploited to multiplicatively increase the capacity of a radio system.

If each multipath route could be treated as a separate channel, it would be as if each route were a separate virtual wire. A channel with multipath then would be like a bundle of virtual wires. To exploit the benefits the virtual wires offer, MIMO uses multiple, spatially separated antennas. MIMO encodes a high-speed data stream across multiple antennas. Each antenna carries a separate, lower-speed stream. Multipath virtual wires are utilized to send the lower-speed streams simultaneously.

Wireless is not as well-behaved as a bundle of wires. Each signal transmitted in a multipath environment travels multiple routes. This makes a wireless system act like a bundle of wires with a great deal of leakage between them, causing transmitted signals to jumble together. The MIMO receiver uses mathematical algorithms to unravel and recover the transmitted signals.

section

Placement of your Wireless Pre-N Router

Important Factors for Placement and Setup

Your wireless connection will be stronger the closer your computer is to your Router (or Access Point). Typical indoor operating range for wireless devices is between 100 and 200 feet.

In the same way, your wireless connection and performance will degrade somewhat as the distance between your Router (or Access Point) and connected devices increases. This may or may not be noticeable to you. As you move further from your Router (or Access Point), connection speed may decrease. Factors that can weaken signals simply by getting in the way of your network's radio waves are metal appliances or obstructions, and walls.

If you have concerns about your network's performance that might be related to range or obstruction factors, try moving the computer to a position between five and 10 feet from the Router (or Access Point) in order to see if distance is the problem. If difficulties persist even at close range, please contact Belkin Technical Support.

Note: While some of the items listed below can affect network performance, they will not prohibit your wireless network from functioning; if you are concerned that your network is not operating at its maximum effectiveness, this checklist may help.

1. Wireless Router or Access Point Placement

Place your Router (or Access Point), the central connection point of your network, as close as possible to the center of your wireless network devices.

To achieve the best wireless network coverage for your "wireless clients" (i.e., computers enabled by Belkin Wireless Notebook Network Cards, Wireless Desktop Network Cards, and Wireless USB Adapters):

- Ensure that your Router's (or Access Point's) networking antennas are parallel to each other, and are positioned vertically (toward the ceiling). If your Router (or Access Point) itself is positioned vertically, point the antennas as much as possible in an upward direction.
- In multistory homes, place the Router (or Access Point) on a floor that is as close to the center of the home as possible. This may mean placing the Router (or Access Point) on an upper floor.

• Try not to place the Router (or Access Point) near a cordless 2.4GHz phone.

2. Avoid Obstacles and Interference

Avoid placing your Router (or Access Point) near devices that may emit radio "noise," such as microwave ovens. Dense objects that can inhibit wireless communication include:

- Refrigerators
- Washers and/or dryers
- Metal cabinets
- Large aquariums
- Metallic-based UV tinted windows

If your wireless signal seems weak in some spots, make sure that objects such as these are not blocking the signal's path (between your computers and Router or Access Point)

3. Cordless Phones

If the performance of your wireless network is impaired after attending to the above issues, and you have a cordless phone:

- Try moving cordless phones away from Routers (or access points) and your wireless-enabled computers.
- Unplug and remove the battery from any cordless phone that operates on the 2.4GHz band (check manufacturer's information). If this fixes the problem, your phone may be interfering.
- If your phone supports channel selection, change the channel on the phone to the farthest channel from your wireless network. For example, change the phone to channel 1 and move your Router (or Access Point) to channel 11. See your phone's user manual for detailed instructions.
- If necessary, consider switching to a 900MHz or 5GHz cordless phone.

4. Choose the "Quietest" Channel for your Wireless Network In locations where homes or offices are close together, such as apartment buildings or office complexes, there may be wireless networks nearby that can conflict with yours.

Use the Site Survey capabilities found in the Wireless Utility of your wireless adapter to locate any other wireless networks that

are available (see your wireless adapter's user manual), and move your Router (or Access Point) and computers to a channel as far away from other networks as possible.

- Experiment with more than one of the available channels, in order to find the clearest connection and avoid interference from neighboring cordless phones or other wireless devices.
- For Belkin wireless networking products, use the detailed Site Survey and wireless channel information included with your wireless network card. See your network card's user guide for more information.

These guidelines should allow you to cover the maximum possible area with your Router (or Access Point). Should you need to cover an even wider area, we suggest the Belkin Wireless Range Extender/Access Point.

5. Secure connections, VPNs, and AOL

Secure connections typically require a user name and password, and are used where security is important. Secure connections include:

- Virtual Private Network (VPN) connections, often used to connect remotely to an office network
- The "Bring Your Own Access" program from America Online (AOL), which lets you use AOL through broadband provided by another cable or DSL service
- Most online banking websites
- Many commercial websites which require a username and password to access your account

Secure connections can be interrupted by a computer's power management setting, which causes it to "go to sleep." The simplest solution to avoid this is to simply reconnect by rerunning the VPN or AOL software, or by re-logging into the secure website.

A second alternative is to change your computer's power management settings so it does not go to sleep; however, this may not be appropriate for portable computers. To change your power management setting under Windows, see the "Power Options" item in the Control Panel. For more information regarding our networking products, visit our website at **www.belkin.com/networking** or call Belkin Technical Support at:

USA:	877-736-5771
	310-898-1100 ext.2263
Europe:	00 800 223 55 460
Australia:	1800 235 546
New Zealand:	0800 235 546
Singapore:	800 616 1790

section

Product Features

In minutes you will be able to share your Internet connection and network your computers. The following is a list of features that make your new Belkin Wireless Pre-N Router an ideal solution for your home or small office network.

Works with Both PCs and Mac[®] Computers

The Router supports a variety of networking environments including Linux[®], Windows[®] 95, 98, Me, NT[®], 2000, and XP, and others. All that is needed is an Internet browser and a network adapter that supports TCP/IP (the standard language of the Internet).

LED Display

Lighted LEDs on the top of the Router indicate which functions are in operation.

Web-Based Advanced User Interface

You can set up the Router's advanced functions easily through your web browser, without having to install additional software onto the computer. There are no disks to install or keep track of and, best of all, you can make changes and perform setup functions from any computer on the network quickly and easily.

NAT IP Address Sharing

Your Router employs Network Address Translation (NAT) to share the single IP address assigned to you by your Internet Service Provider while saving the cost of adding additional IP addresses to your Internet service account.

SPI Firewall

Your Router is equipped with a firewall that will protect your network from a wide array of common hacker attacks including IP Spoofing, Land Attack, Ping of Death (PoD), Denial of Service (DoS), IP with zero length, Smurf Attack, TCP Null Scan, SYN flood, UDP flooding, Tear Drop Attack, ICMP defect, RIP defect, and fragment flooding.

Integrated 10/100 4-Port Switch

The Router has a built-in, four-port network switch to allow your wired computers to share printers, data and MP3 files, digital photos, and much more. The switch features automatic detection so it will adjust to the speed of connected devices. The switch will transfer data between computers and the Internet simultaneously without interrupting or consuming resources.

Universal Plug and Play (UPnP)

UPnP is a technology that offers seamless operation of voice messaging, video messaging, games, and other applications that are UPnP-compliant.

Support for VPN Pass-Through

If you connect to your office network from home using a VPN connection, your Router will allow your VPN-equipped computer to pass through the Router and to your office network.

Built-In Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP)

Built-In Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) on-board makes for the easiest possible connection of a network. The DHCP server will assign IP addresses to each computer automatically so there is no need for a complicated networking setup.

Easy Install Wizard

The Easy Install Wizard takes the guesswork out of setting up your Router. This automatic software determines your network settings for you and sets up the Router for connection to your Internet Service Provider (ISP). In a matter of minutes, your Router will be up and running on the Internet.

Note: Easy Install Wizard software is compatible with Windows 98SE, Me, 2000, XP, and Mac OS 9.X and Mac OS X. If you are using another operating system, the Router can be set up using the Alternate Setup Method described in this User Manual (see page 24)

Sec

Integrated Pre-N Wireless Access Point

Pre-N is an exciting new wireless technology that achieves data rates up to 108Mbps.

Integrated Parental Control Web Content Filter

Belkin has teamed with Blue Coat[®], a leading content-filtering company, to bring you this unique feature. Your Belkin Wireless Pre-N Router has an integrated web content filter that allows you to block unwanted or offensive web content before it makes it to your network.

Unlike similar access-control products, Belkin Parental Control is built into our Router, so there is no software to install on any computer and you will never be charged a per-computer fee for the service. Your Router comes with a free six-month subscription, with no credit card required for this trial period. This lets you take advantage of Parental Control's capabilities right away.

Belkin Parental Control allows you to set up your own policies and block any website you want. There is also an optional reporting feature (fee-based) that allows you to get a report showing you every website that was visited from your network (refer to your Parental Control User Manual for more information).

MAC Address Filtering

For added security, you can set up a list of MAC addresses (unique client identifiers) that are allowed access to your network. Every computer has its own MAC address. Simply enter these MAC addresses into a list using the Web-Based Advanced User Interface and you can control access to your network.

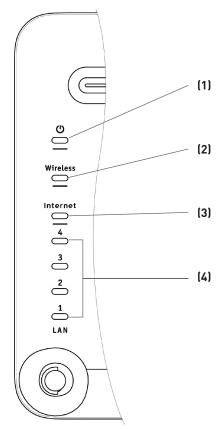
Package Contents Belkin Wireless Pre-N Bouter • 2 • Quick Installation Guide 3 • Belkin Easy Install Wizard Software CD Belkin RJ45 Ethernet Networking Cable • 4 Power Supply • User Manual 5 System Requirements 6 Broadband Internet connection such as a cable or DSL modem • with RJ45 (Ethernet) connection 7 • At least one computer with an installed network interface adapter TCP/IP networking protocol installed on each computer • 8 • RJ45 Ethernet networking cable _____ 9 Internet browser • Easy Install Wizard Software System Requirements 10 • A PC running Windows[®] 98SE, Me, 2000, or XP, or a Mac[®] computer running Mac OS® 9.x or OS X 11

- Minimum 64MB RAM
- Internet browser

The Router has been designed to be placed on a desktop. All of the cables exit from the rear of the Router for better organization and utility. The LED indicators are easily visible on the TOP of the Router to provide you with information about network activity and status.

Top Panel

The Router has been designed to be placed on a desktop. All of the cables exit from the rear of the Router for better organization and utility. The LED indicators are easily visible on the front of the Router to provide you with information about network activity and status.



1. Power LED

Indicates that power is applied to the Router

OFF	Router is OFF
ON	Router is powered ON

2. Wireless: Wireless Network LED

OFF	Wireless network is OFF
Green	Wireless network is ready
Blinking	Indicates wireless activity

3. Internet LED

This LED lights in GREEN to indicate that your modem is connected properly to the Router. It blinks rapidly when information is being sent over the port between the Router and the modem.

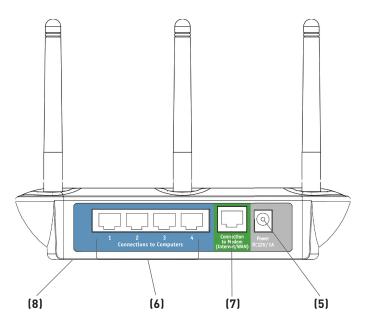
OFF	No connection to the modem
Solid Green	Good connection to the modem
Blinking Green	Data is being sent from the Router to the modem

4. LAN Port-Status LEDs

These LEDs are labeled 1– 4 and correspond to the numbered ports on the rear of the Router. When a computer is properly connected to one of the LAN ports on the rear of the Router, the LED will light. GREEN means a 10Base-T device is connected, AMBER means a 100Base-T device is connected. When information is being sent over the port, the LED blinks rapidly.

OFF	No device is linked to the port
Green Blinking	10Base-T or 100Base-Tx device connected Network activity

Rear Panel



5. Power Jack – GRAY

Connect the included 12V DC power supply to this jack

6. Connections to Computers (LAN Ports) – BLUE

Connect your wired (non-wireless) computers to these ports. These ports are RJ45, 10/100 auto-negotiation, auto-uplinking ports for standard UTP category 5 or 6 Ethernet cable. The ports are labeled 1 through 4. These ports correspond to the numbered LEDs on the top of the Router.

7. Connection to Modem (Internet/WAN Port) – GREEN

This port is for connection to your cable or DSL modem. Use the cable that was provided with the modem to connect the modem to this port. Use of a cable other than the cable supplied with the cable modem may not work properly.

8. Reset Button (Located on bottom of Router)

The "Reset" button is used in rare cases when the Router may function improperly. Resetting the Router will restore the Router's normal operation while maintaining the programmed settings. You can also restore the factory default settings by using the "Reset" button. Use the restore option in instances where you may have forgotten your custom password.

(a) Resetting the Router

Push and release the "Reset" button. The lights on the Router will momentarily flash. When the lights stop blinking, the reset is complete.

(b) Restoring the Factory Defaults

Press and hold the "Reset" button for at least 10 seconds then release it. The lights on the Router will momentarily flash. When the lights stop blinking, the reset is complete.

Verify the contents of your box. You should have the following:

- Belkin Wireless Pre-N Router
- Category 5 Networking Cable (for connecting the Router to the computer)
- Power Supply
- Belkin Easy Install Wizard Software CD
- User Manual

Modem Requirements

Your cable or DSL modem must be equipped with an RJ45 Ethernet port. Many modems have both an RJ45 Ethernet port and a USB connection. If you have a modem with both Ethernet and USB, and are using the USB connection at this time, you will be instructed to use the RJ45 Ethernet port during the installation procedure. If your modem has only a USB port, you can request a different type of modem from your ISP, or you can, in some cases, purchase a modem that has an RJ45 Ethernet port on it.



Ethernet

USB

Easy Install Wizard

Belkin has provided our Easy Install Wizard software to make installing your Router a simple and easy task. You can use it to get your Router up and running in minutes. The Easy Install Wizard requires that your Windows 98SE, Me, 2000, or XP computer be connected directly to your cable or DSL modem and that the Internet connection is active and working at the time of installation. If it is not, you must use the "Alternative Setup Method" section of this User Manual to configure your Router. Additionally, if you are using an operating system other than Windows 98SE, Me, 2000, or XP, you must set up the Router using the "Alternative Setup Method" section of this User Manual.

Connecting and Configuring your Router

IMPORTANT: Run the Easy Install Wizard from the computer that is directly connected to the cable or DSL modem. **DO NOT CONNECT THE ROUTER AT THIS TIME.**

Step 1 Run the Easy Install Wizard Software

- **1.1** Shut down any programs that are running on your computer at this time.
- **1.2** Make sure you have the following items at the computer that is now directly connected to the cable or DSL modem. DO NOT CONNECT THE ROUTER AT THIS TIME.
 - The Easy Install Wizard CD-ROM
 - The Router
 - The Router Power Supply
 - Category 5 Networking Cable
 - This User Manual
- **1.3** Turn off any firewall or Internet-connection-sharing software on your computer.



Windows User: Insert the Easy Install Wizard software CD into your CD-ROM drive. The Network Setup Utility screen will automatically appear on your screen within 15 seconds. Click on "Run the Easy Install Wizard" to begin.

1.4 Select your region from the drop-down box shown on the screen.

Easy Install Wizard	
Please Select Your Region:	
North America	-
ОК	

Note for Windows Users: If the Easy Install Wizard does not start up automatically, select your CD-ROM drive from "My Computer" and double-click on the file named "Start" to start the Network Setup Utility.

- **1.5 Mac OS Users:** Insert the Easy Install Wizard software CD into your CD-ROM drive. Click on the CD icon; a folder will pop up. To begin, click on "start. os9" if you have Mac OS 9.x, or "start.osx" if you have Mac OS X.
- **1.6** Follow the Easy Install Wizard to complete the installation.

Eary Install Weard		0
-	Easy Install Wizard	
4 Port Router Arcidit and 25, maters	Welcome!	
Welcome	Bellin's Easy Installation Wizard will walk you through the installation of your souther. Lot's got stans4	
1 Examine	IMPORTANT:	
2 Hardware	Dan't connect your restor yet: Pau the Easy Install Wilcard on the computer that is connected to the Internet.	
3 Check	Click Next In continue .	
4 Configure	Cards wear to constant	
5 Internet		
Finished	< Back. Next>	D

Welcome Screen

After you insert the CD into your CD-ROM drive, the Wizard's welcome screen will appear. Make sure you have not connected the Router at this point. If you have connected your Router, please reconnect your computer directly to the modem. Click "Next" when you are ready to move on.



Progress Screen

Easy Install will show you a progress screen each time a step in the setup has been completed. Each time you see the progress screen, click "Next" when you are ready to move to the next step.



Examining Settings

The Wizard will now examine your computer's network settings and gather information needed to complete the Router's connection to the Internet. When the Wizard is finished examining your computer, click "Next" to continue.

Multi-NICs Screen

This screen will appear ONLY if you have more than one network adapter installed in your computer. If you have more than one network



adapter installed in your computer, the Wizard will need to know which adapter is connected to your modem. Select the network card that is connected to your modem from the list and click "Next". If you are not sure which adapter to choose, select the adapter at the top of the list. If you mistakenly choose the wrong adapter now, you will be able to choose a different one later.

Step 2 Hardware Setup – Connect the Router to your Modem and computer

The Wizard will walk you through connecting your Router to your computer and modem. Follow the steps on the screen using the pictures as a guide.



2.1 This step instructs you to locate the cable connected between your modem and the networking port on your computer. Unplug this cable from the computer and plug it into the GREEN port on the Router. Click "Next" to continue.



2.2 This step instructs you to locate the BLUE cable that is included with your Router. Plug one end of this cable into ANY one of the BLUE ports on your Router. Plug the other end of the cable into the networking port on your computer. Click "Next" to continue.



2.3 This step instructs you to locate the power supply that is included with your Router. Plug the power supply's small connector into the GRAY port on the Router. Plug the power supply into an empty power outlet. Click "Next" to continue.



2.4 This step instructs you to look at the lights on the front of your Router. Make sure the appropriate lights are ON. Refer to the Easy Install Wizard software on your computer's screen for more details. Click "Next" to continue.

Step 3

Checking the Connection



3.1 Once you have completed connecting the Router, the Wizard will check the connection to the Router then go on to determine what type of Internet connection you have.

3.2 User Name and Password Needed

If you have a connection type that requires a user name and a password, the Wizard will ask you to type in your user name and password. If your connection type does not require a user name and password, you will not see this screen.

rt Rauter actific autors	User Name and Password Needed
eme	The Wigasi has detected that yes have an lateneet connection that requires a User Binna and Pannwerd. Yes Internet Freedor gives you User Nama and Pannwerd to you. Your user name looks senabling like: reprart of represented on vyrame.
mine	
change	User Name: smithilknyisp.com
	Password:
ck	Confirm Parsword:
	Service Name (Optional):
figure	
met	I NOTE: Many Internet Providers due's require a service name to be entered here. If you den't have a service name or one not sure, but have the Service Name space Mark,

Your user name and password is provided to you by your Internet Service Provider. If you have to type in a user name and password to connect to the Internet, then type that same user name and password in here. Your user name looks something like "jsmith@myisp.com" or simply "jsmith". The service name is optional and is very rarely required by your ISP. If you don't know your service name, leave this blank. When you have entered your information, click "Next" to move on.



3.3 Wireless Setup

This Step Is Optional. Click "Next" if you want to skip it.

Using this step, you can customize your wireless network settings if you want to. Follow the steps on the screen to complete this step. Click "Next" to continue.

Step 4 Configuring the Router

The Wizard will now transfer all of the configuration information to the Router. This will take approximately one minute. During this time, do not turn off the Router or computer. The Router will restart itself at the end of this step.





4.1 Checking Internet

The Wizard will now check for an Internet connection. This can take a few minutes. The Wizard may not detect a connection right away. If not, it will retry a number of times. The "Connected" light on the front panel of the Router will flash during this time. Please be patient through this process.



4.2 Finished

When the Internet connection is complete, the Wizard will tell you that you are finished. The "Connected" LED on the front of the Router will be solid GREEN, indicating that the Router is now connected to the Internet.

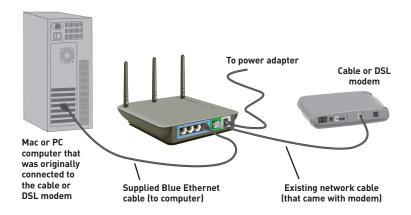
Your Router is now connected to the Internet. Now you can begin surfing the Internet by opening your browser and going to your favorite web page.

Congratulations! You have finished installing your new Belkin Router. You are ready to set up the other computers in your home. You can also add computers to your Router any time you want.

Step 1

Connecting your Gateway Router

- **1.1** Turn off the power to your modem by unplugging the power supply from the modem.
- **1.2** Locate the network cable that is connected between your modem and your computer and unplug it from your computer, leaving the other end connected to your modem.
- **1.3** Plug the loose end of the cable you just unplugged into the port on the back of the Router labeled "Internet/WAN".
- **1.4** Connect a new network cable (not included) from the back of the computer to one of the ports labeled "1–4". Note: It does not matter which numbered port you choose.
- **1.5** Turn your cable or DSL modem on by reconnecting the power supply to the modem.
- **1.6** Before plugging the power cord into the Router, plug the cord into the wall, then plug the cord into the Router's power jack.



- 1.7 Verify that your modem is connected to the Router by checking the lights on the TOP of the Router. The green light labeled "WAN" should be ON if your modem is connected correctly to the Router. If it is not, recheck your connections.
- **1.8** Verify that your computer is connected properly to the Router by checking the lights labeled "LAN 1,2,3,4". The light which corresponds to the numbered port connected to your computer should be ON, if your computer is connected properly. If it is not, recheck your connections.

Step 2 Set your Computer's Network Settings to Work with a DHCP Server

See the section in this User Manual called "Manually Configuring Network Settings" for directions.

Step 3 Configuring the Router Using the Web-Based Advanced User Interface

Using your Internet browser, you can access the Router's Web-Based Advanced User Interface. In your browser, type "192.168.2.1" (do not type in anything else such as "http://" or "www"). Then press the "Enter" key.

Address 192.168.2.1

Logging into the Router

You will see the Router's home page in your browser window. The home page is visible to any user who wants to see it. To make any changes to the Router's settings, you have to log in. Clicking the "Login" button or clicking on any one of the links on the home page will take you to the login screen. The Router ships with no password entered. In the login screen, leave the password blank and click the "Submit" button to log in.

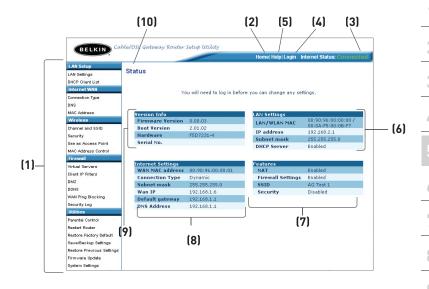
Login	
	Before you can change any settings, you need to log in with a password. If you have not yet set a custom password, then leave this field blank and click "Submit." Password Default = leave blank
	Clear Submit

Logging out of the Router

One computer at a time can log into the Router for the purposes of making changes to the settings of the Router. Once a user has logged in to make changes, there are two ways that the computer can be logged out. Clicking the "Logout" button will log the computer out. The second method is automatic. The login will time out after a specified period of time. The default login timeout is 10 minutes. This can be changed from one to 99 minutes. For more information, see the section in this manual titled "Changing the Login Timeout Setting".

Understanding the Web-Based Advanced User Interface

The home page is the first page you will see when you access the Advanced User Interface (UI). The home page shows you a quick view of the Router's status and settings. All advanced setup pages can be reached from this page.



1. Quick-Navigation Links

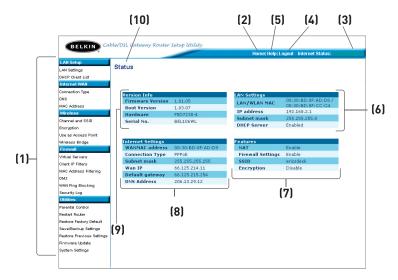
You can go directly to any of the Router's advanced UI pages by clicking directly on these links. The links are divided into logical categories and grouped by tabs to make finding a particular setting easier to find. Clicking on the purple header of each tab will show you a short description of the tab's function.

2. Home Button

The home button is available in every page of the UI. Pressing this button will take you back to the home page.

3. Internet Status Indicator

This indicator is visible in all pages of the Router, indicating the connection status of the Router. When the indicator says "Connection OK" in GREEN, the Router is connected to the Internet. When the Router is not connected to the Internet, the indicator will read "no connection" in RED. The indicator is automatically updated when you make changes to the settings of the Router.



4. Login/Logout Button

This button enables you to log in and out of the Router with the press of one button. When you are logged into the Router, this button will change to read "Logout". Logging into the Router will take you to a separate login page where you will need to enter a password. When you are logged in to the Router, you can make changes to the settings. When you are finished making changes, you can log out of the Router by clicking the "Logout" button. For more information about logging into the Router, see the section called "Logging into the Router".

5. Help Button

The "Help" button gives you access to the Router's help pages. Help is also available on many pages by clicking "more info" next to certain sections of each page.

6. LAN Settings

Shows you the settings of the Local Area Network (LAN) side of the Router. Changes can be made to the settings by clicking on any one of the links (IP Address, Subnet Mask, DHCP Server) or by clicking the "LAN" Quick Navigation link on the left side of the screen.

7. Features

Shows the status of the Router's NAT, firewall, and wireless features. Changes can be made to the settings by clicking on any one of the links or by clicking the "Quick Navigation" links on the left side of the screen.

8. Internet Settings

Shows the settings of the Internet/WAN side of the Router that connects to the Internet. Changes to any of these settings can be made by clicking on the links or by clicking on the "Internet/WAN" Quick Navigation link on the left side of the screen.

9. Version Info

Shows the firmware version, boot-code version, hardware version, and serial number of the Router.

10. Page Name

The page you are on can be identified by this name. This manual will sometimes refer to pages by name. For instance "LAN > LAN Settings" refers to the "LAN Settings" page.

Step 4

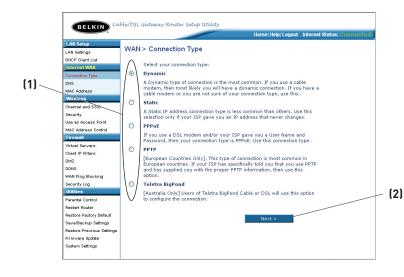
Configuring your Router for Connection to your Internet Service Provider (ISP)

The "Internet/WAN" tab is where you will set up your Router to connect to your Internet Service Provider (ISP). The Router is capable of connecting to virtually any ISP's system provided you have correctly configured the Router's settings for your ISP's connection type. Your ISP connection settings are provided to you by your ISP. To configure the Router with the settings that your ISP gave you, click "Connection Type" **(A)** on the left side of the screen. Select the connection type you use. If your ISP gave you DNS settings, clicking "DNS" **(B)** allows you to enter DNS address entries for ISPs that require specific settings. Clicking "MAC Address" **(C)** will let you clone your computer's MAC address or type in a specific WAN MAC address, if required by your ISP. When you have finished making settings, the "Internet Status" indicator will read "Connection OK" if your Router is set up properly.



Setting your Connection Type

From the "Connection Type" page, you can select the type of connection you use. Select the type of connection you use by clicking the button (1) next to your connection type and then clicking "Next" (2).



P C

Setting your Internet Service Provider (ISP) Connection Type to Dynamic IP

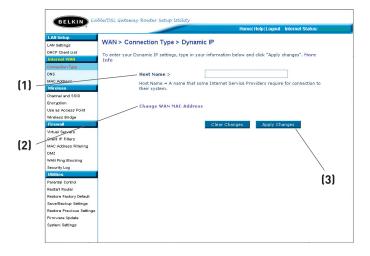
A dynamic connection type is the most common connection type found with cable modems. Setting the connection type to "dynamic" in many cases is enough to complete the connection to your ISP. Some dynamic connection types may require a host name. You can enter your host name in the space provided if you were assigned one. Your host name is assigned by your ISP. Some dynamic connections may require that you clone the MAC address of the PC that was originally connected to the modem.

1. Host Name

This space is provided to enter a host name that needs to be visible to your ISP. Enter your host name here and click "Apply Changes" **(3)**. If your ISP did not assign you a host name, or you are not sure, leave this blank.

2. Change WAN MAC Address

If your ISP requires a specific MAC address to connect to the service, you can enter a specific MAC address or clone the current computer's MAC address through this link.



Setting your Internet Service Provider (ISP) Connection Type to Static IP

A static IP address connection type is less common than other connection types. If your ISP uses static IP addressing, you will need your IP address, subnet mask, and ISP gateway address. This information is available from your ISP or on the paperwork that your ISP left with you. Type in your information, then click "Apply Changes" (3). After you apply the changes, the Internet Status indicator will read "Connection OK" if your Router is set up properly.

1. IP Address

Provided by your ISP. Enter your IP address here.

2. Subnet Mask

Provided by your ISP. Enter your subnet mask here.

3. ISP Gateway Address

Provided by your ISP. Enter the ISP gateway address here.

4. My ISP Provides More Than One Static IP Address

If your ISP assigns you more than one static IP address, your Router is capable of handling up to five static WAN IP addresses. Select "My ISP provides more than one static IP address" and enter your additional addresses.

		Home Help Logout Internet Status
LAN Setup	WAN > Connection Ty	pe > Static IP
LAN Settings DHCP Client List		
Internet WAN	To enter your Static IP setting: More Info	s, type in your information below and click "Apply changes".
Connection Type		
DNS	IP Address >	
MAC Address		
Wircless	Subnet Mask >	
Channel and SSID		
Security	ISP Gateway Address	•>
Use as Access Po	Mu ten nuevide e eren	e than one Static IP address? > 🗌
MAC Address Cor	trol Hiy ISP Provides more	
Firewall	Click here to enter yo	our DNS Settings
Vintoral Servers		lear Changes Apply Changes
Client IP Filters		hour changes
DDNS		
WAN Ping Blockin		
Security Log	~	
Utilities		
Parental Control		
Restart Router		
Restore Factory D	efault	
Save/Backup Set	ings	
Restore Previous	Settings	
Firmware Update		
System Settings		

2 3 4 7 8 9 10 11

Setting your ISP Connection Type to PPPoE

Most DSL providers use PPPoE as the connection type. If you use a DSL modem to connect to the Internet, your ISP may use PPPoE to log you into the service. If you have an Internet connection in your home or small office that doesn't require a modem, you may also use PPPoE.



Your connection type is PPPoE if:

- 1. Your ISP gave you a user name and password which is required to connect to the Internet
- 2. Your ISP gave you software such as WinPOET or Enternet300 that you use to connect to the Internet
- **3.** You have to double-click on a desktop Icon other than your browser to get on the Internet

1. User Name

This space is provided to type in your User name that was assigned by your ISP.

2. Password

Type in your password and re-type it into the "Retype Password" box to confirm it.

3. Service Name

A Service name is rarely required by an ISP. If you are not sure if your ISP requires a service name, leave this blank.

4. MTU

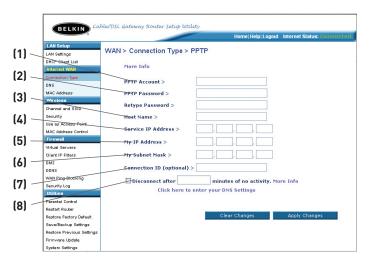
The MTU setting should never be changed unless your ISP gives you a specific MTU setting. Making changes to the MTU setting can cause problems with your Internet connection including disconnection from the Internet, slow Internet access and problems with Internet applications working properly.

5. Disconnect after X...

The Disconnect feature is used to automatically disconnect the router from your ISP when there is no activity for a specified period of time. For instance, placing a check mark next to this option and entering 5 into the minute field will cause the router to disconnect from the Internet after 5 minutes of no Internet activity. This option should be used if you pay for your Internet service by the minute.

Setting your Internet Service Provider (ISP) Connection Type to Point-to-Point Tunneling Protocol (PPTP)

[European Countries Only]. Some ISPs require a connection using PPTP protocol, a type of connection most common in European countries. This sets up a direct connection to the ISP's system. Type in the information provided by your ISP in the space provided. When you have finished, click "Apply Changes" **(9)**. After you apply the changes, the Internet Status indicator will read "Connection OK" if your Router is set up properly.



1. PPTP Account

Provided by your ISP. Enter your PPTP account name here.

2. PPTP Password

Type in your password and retype it into the "Retype Password" box to confirm it.

3. Host Name

Provided by your ISP. Enter your host name here.

4. Service IP Address

Provided by your ISP. Enter your service IP address here.

5. My IP Address

Provided by your ISP. Enter the IP address here.

6 My Subnet Mask

Provided by your ISP. Enter the IP address here.

7. Connection ID (optional)

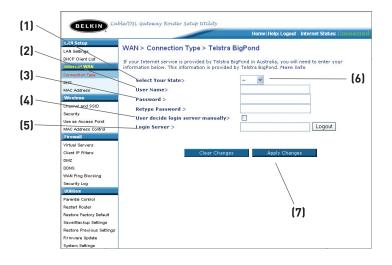
Provided by your ISP. If your ISP did not give you a connection ID, leave this blank.

8. Disconnect after X...

The Disconnect feature is used to automatically disconnect the Router from your ISP when there is no activity for a specified period of time. For instance, placing a check mark next to this option and entering "5" into the minute field will cause the Router to disconnect from the Internet after five minutes of no Internet activity. This option should be used if you pay for your Internet service by the minute. D C

Setting your Connection Type if You Are a Telstra® BigPond User

Your user name and password are provided to you by Telstra BigPond. Enter this information below. Choosing your state from the drop-down menu **(6)** will automatically fill in your login server IP address. If your login server address is different than one provided here, you may manually enter the login server IP address by placing a check in the box next to "User Decide Login Server Manually" **(4)** and type in the address next to "Login Server" **(5)**. When you have entered all of your information, click "Apply Changes" **(7)**. After you apply the changes, the Internet Status indicator will read "Connection OK" if your Router is set up properly.



1. Select your State

Select your state from the drop-down menu **(6)**. The "Login Server" box will automatically be filled in with an IP address. If for some reason this address does not match the address that Telstra has given, you can manually enter the login server address. See "User Decide Login Server Manually" **(4)**.

2. User Name

Provided by your ISP. Type in your user name here.

3. Password

Type in your password and retype it into the "Retype Password" box to confirm it.

4. User Decide Login Server Manually

If your login server IP address is not available in the "Select Your State" drop-down menu **(6)**, you may manually enter the login server IP address by placing a check in the box next to "User Decide Login Server Manually" and type in the address next to "Login Server" **(5)**.

Setting Custom Domain Name Server (DNS) Settings

A "Domain Name Server" is a server located on the Internet that translates Universal Resource Locators (URLs) like "www.belkin.com" to IP addresses. Many Internet Service Providers (ISPs) do not require you to enter this information into the Router. The "Automatic from ISP" box **(1)** should be checked if your ISP did not give you a specific DNS address. If you are using a static IP connection type, then you may need to enter a specific DNS address and secondary DNS address for your connection to work properly. If your connection type is dynamic or PPPoE, it is likely that you do not have to enter a DNS address. Leave the "Automatic from ISP" box checked. To enter the DNS address settings, uncheck the "Automatic from ISP" box and enter your DNS entries in the spaces provided. Click "Apply Changes" **(2)** to save the settings.

		ble/DSL Gateway Router Setup Utility
	BELKIN Ca	Home Help Logout Internet Status: Connected
(1) —	LAN Setup	WAN > DNS
	DRCP-Client List Internet WAR	If your ISP provided you with a specific DNS address to use, enter the address in this window and click "Apply Changes".
	Connection Type DNS	Automatic from ISP
	MAC Address Wireless	DNS Address >
	Channel and SSID Security	Secondary DNS Address >
	Use as Access Point MAC Address Control	DNS = Domain Name Server. A server located on the Internet that translates URL's (Universal Resource Links) like www.belkin.com to IP addresses. More Info
	Firewall Virtual Servers	Clear Changes Apply Changes
	Client IP Filters DMZ	
	DDNS WAN Ping Blocking	(2)
	Security Log Utilities	
	Parental Control Restart Router	
	Restore Factory Default Save/Backup Settings	
	Restore Previous Settings	l

Configuring your WAN Media Access Controller (MAC) Address

All network components including cards, adapters, and routers, have a unique "serial number" called a MAC address. Your Internet Service Provider (ISP) may record the MAC address of your computer's adapter and only let that particular computer connect to the Internet service. When you install the Router, its own MAC address will be "seen" by the ISP and may cause the connection not to work. Belkin has provided the ability to clone (copy) the MAC address of the computer into the Router. This MAC address, in turn, will be seen by the ISP's system as the original MAC address and will allow the connection to work. If you are not sure whether your ISP needs to see the original MAC address, simply clone the MAC address of the computer that was originally connected to the modem. Cloning the address will not cause any problems with your network.

Cloning your MAC Address

To clone your MAC address, make sure that you are using the computer that was ORIGINALLY CONNECTED to your modem before the Router was installed. Click the "Clone" button **(1)**. Click "Apply Changes" **(3)**. Your MAC address is now cloned to the Router.

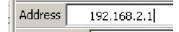
Entering a Specific MAC Address

In certain circumstances you may need a specific WAN MAC address. You can manually enter one in the "MAC Address" page. Type in a MAC address in the spaces provided **(2)** and click "Apply Changes" **(3)** to save the changes. The Router's WAN MAC address will now be changed to the MAC address you specified

BELKIN Ca	ble/DSL Gateway Router Setup Utility
BEEKIN	Home Help Logout Internet Status: Commen
AN Setup AN Settings HCP Client List Internet WAN sonnection Type NS AC Address	WAN > MAC address Some ISPs require that you clone (copy) the MAC address of your computer's network card into the Router. If you are not sure then simply clone the MAC address of the computer that was originally comected to the modern before installing the Router. Cloning your MAC address will not cause any problems with your network. Hore Info Wan Mac Address > 00 - 90 - 90 - 90 - 00 - 01 - 01
ircless annel and SSID curity e as Access Point AC Address Control rewall	Clone Computer's MAC Address > Clone Clear Changes Apply Changes
Gervers • Filters	
Ping Blocking rity Log ies ntal Control st. Router	
re Factory Default	

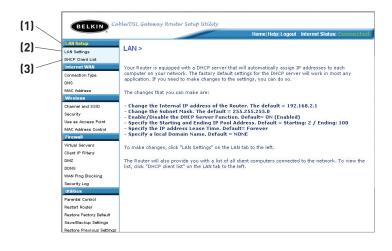
D C Using your Internet browser, you can access the Router's Web-Based Advanced User Interface. In your browser, type "192.168.2.1" (do not type in anything else such as "http://" or "www") then press the "Enter" key.

You will see the Router's home page in your browser window.



Viewing the LAN Settings

Clicking on the header of the LAN tab (1) will take you to the LAN tab's header page. A quick description of the functions can be found here. To view the settings or make changes to any of the LAN settings, click on "LAN Settings" (2) or to view the list of connected computers, click on "DHCP client list" (3).



Changing LAN Settings

All settings for the internal LAN setup of the Router can be viewed and changed here.

				Home Help Logout	Internet Status: (
]	LAN Setup LAN Settings	LAN > LAN setting	gs		
	DHCP Client List		s to the Local Area Networ Changes" button at the b		es to take effect, yo
)	Connection Type DNS	IP Address >	192 . 168 . 2	. 1	
	MAG-Address Wircless	More Info			
,	Channel and SSID	Subnet Mask >	255 , 255 , 255	. 0	
]	Security	More Info			
	Lise as Access Point				
	MAC Address Control	DHCP server >	⊙ on ○ off		
		The DHCP server func	On O Off tion makes setting up a network. It is not necessar		
	MAC Address Control Firewall Virtual Servers	The DHCP server func each computer on the	tion makes setting up a ne network. It is not necessa	ary to make any changes	
)	MAC Address Control Firewall Virtual Servers Client-R-Ejiters	The DHCP server funct each computer on the IP Pool Starting Address >	tion makes setting up a ne		
	MAC Address Control Firewall Virtual Servers	The DHCP server funct each computer on the IP Pool Starting Address > IP Pool Ending	tion makes setting up a ne network. It is not necessa	ary to make any changes	
	MAC Address Control Firewall Virtual Servers Citent-R-Eitters DMZ	The DHCP server funct each computer on the IP Pool Starting Address >	tion makes setting up a ne network. It is not necessa 192 168 2	ary to make any changes	
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	MAC Address Control Firewall Virtual Servers Cliant-W-Ejiters DMZ DDNS WAN Ping Blooking	The DHCP server func each computer on the IP Pool Starting Address > IP Pool Ending Address > Lease Time >	tion makes setting up a ne network. It is not necessa 192 , 168 , 2 192 , 168 , 2 Forever	ary to make any changes], 3], 100	here. More Info
)	MAC Address Control Firewell Virtual Servers ClientHA-Ejters DMZ DDNS WAN Ping Blocking Security Log	The DHCP server func each computer on the IP Pool Starting Address > IP Pool Ending Address > Lease Time >	tion makes setting up a ne network. It is not necessa 192 , 168 , 2 192 , 168 , 2	ary to make any changes], 3], 100	here. More Info
)	MAC Address Control Firewall Virtual Servers Cliant+R-Eiters DMZ DDNS WAN Pring Blooking Security Log Utilities	The DHCP server func each computer on the IP Pool Starting Address > IP Pool Ending Address > Lease Time >	tion makes setting up a n network. It is not necessa 192, 158, 2 192, 158, 2 Horever M DHCP server will reserve	ary to make any changes], 3], 100	here. More Info
	MAC Address Control Firewall Virtual Servers Client HR-Eijters DMS DDNS WAIN Ping Blooking Security Log Utilities Parental Control	The DHCP server func each computer on the IP Pool Starting Address > IP Pool Ending Address > Lease Time > The length of time the Local Domain Name >	tion makes setting up a n network. It is not necessa 192, 158, 2 192, 158, 2 Horever M DHCP server will reserve	ary to make any changes], 3], 100	here. More Info
	MAC Address Control Firewall Virtual Servers Cliant+R-Ejters DMZ DDMZ DMZ WAN Fing Blocking Security Log Utilities Parental Control Restert-Rouder	The DHCP server fund each computer on the IP Pool Starting Address > IP Pool Ending Address > Lease Time > The length of time the b Local Domain Name > (Optional)	tion makes setting up a n n network. It is not necesse 192 , 168 , 2 192 , 168 , 2 Forever v DHCP server will reserve Belkin	ry to make any changes], [3],], [100], 100 the IP address for each i	here. More Info
)	MAC Address Control Firewill Virtual Servers Client-R-Eiters DNS DNS Security Log Unificie Parental Control Restarte Factory Default	The DHCP server fund each computer on the IP Pool Starting Address > IP Pool Ending Address > Lease Time > The length of time the b Local Domain Name > (Optional)	tion makes setting up a ne network. It is not necesse 192, 168, 2 192, 168, 2 Forever V DHCP server will reserve	ry to make any changes], [3],], [100], 100 the IP address for each i	here. More Info
)))	MAC Address Control Fir covul Virtual Servers Cillièret Activers DNR DONS DONS Booking Security Log Unifice Parartal Control Restor Factory Datault SavetBischus Stattings	The DHCP server fund each computer on the IP Pool Starting Address > IP Pool Ending Address > Lease Time > The length of time the b Local Domain Name > (Optional)	tion makes setting up a n n network. It is not necesse 192 , 168 , 2 192 , 168 , 2 Forever v DHCP server will reserve Belkin	ry to make any changes], [3],], [100], 100 the IP address for each i	here. More Info

1. IP Address

The "IP address" is the internal IP address of the Router. The default IP address is "192.168.2.1". To access the advanced setup interface, type this IP address into the address bar of your browser. This address can be changed if needed. To change the IP address, type in the new IP address and click "Apply Changes". The IP address you choose should be a non-routable IP. Examples of a non-routable IP are:

192.168.x.x (where x is anything between 0 and 255)

10.x.x.x (where x is anything between 0 and 255)

2. Subnet Mask

There is no need to change the subnet mask. This is a unique, advanced feature of your Belkin Router. It is possible to change the subnet mask if necessary; however, do NOT make changes to the subnet mask unless you have a specific reason to do so. The default setting is "255.255.255.0".

3. DHCP Server

The DHCP server function makes setting up a network very easy by assigning IP addresses to each computer on the network automatically. The default setting is "On". The DHCP server can be turned OFF if necessary; however, in order to do so you must manually set a static IP address for each computer on your network. To turn off the DHCP server, select "Off" and click "Apply Changes".

4. IP Pool

The range of IP addresses set aside for dynamic assignment to the computers on your network. The default is 2–100 (99 computers). If you want to change this number, you can do so by entering a new starting and ending IP address and clicking on "Apply Changes". The DHCP server can assign 100 IP addresses automatically. This means that you cannot specify an IP address pool larger than 100 computers. For example, starting at 50 means you have to end at 150 or lower so as not to exceed the 100-client limit. The starting IP address must be lower in number than the ending IP address.

5. Lease Time

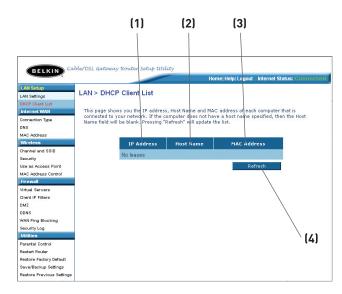
The length of time the DHCP server will reserve the IP address for each computer. We recommend that you leave the lease time set to "Forever". The default setting is "Forever", meaning that any time a computer is assigned an IP address by the DHCP server, the IP address will not change for that particular computer. Setting lease times for shorter intervals such as one day or one hour frees IP addresses after the specified period of time. This also means that a particular computer's IP address may change over time. If you have set any of the other advanced features of the Router such as DMZ or client IP filters, these are dependent on the IP address. For this reason, you will not want the IP address to change.

6. Local Domain Name

The default setting is "Belkin". You can set a local domain name (network name) for your network. There is no need to change this setting unless you have a specific advanced need to do so. You can name the network anything you want such as "MY NETWORK".

Viewing the DHCP Client List Page

You can view a list of the computers (known as clients), which are connected to your network. You are able to view the IP address **(1)** of the computer, the host name **(2)** (if the computer has been assigned one), and the MAC address **(3)** of the computer's network interface card (NIC). Pressing the "Refresh" **(4)** button will update the list. If there have been any changes, the list will be updated.



Configuring the Wireless Network Settings

The "Wireless" tab lets you make changes to the wireless network settings. From this tab you can make changes to the wireless network name (SSID), operating channel, encryption security settings, and configure the Router to be used as an Access Point.

Changing the Wireless Network Name (SSID)

To identify your wireless network, a name called the SSID (Service Set Identifier) is used. The SSID is your network name. The default network name of the Router is "Belkin Pre-N_" followed by six digits that are unique to your Router. Your network name will look something like "Belkin Pre-N_012345". You can change this to anything you choose, or you can leave it unchanged. Keep in mind, if you decide to change your wireless network name, and there are other wireless networks operating in your area, your network name needs to be different from other wireless networks that may be operating in your area. To change the SSID, type in the SSID that you want to use in the SSID field **(1)** and click "Apply Changes" **(2)**. The change is immediate. If you make a change to the SSID, your wireless-equipped computers may also need to be reconfigured to connect to your new network name. Refer to the documentation of your wireless network adapter for information on making this change.

Wireless > Channel and SSIE)	
To make changes to the "Apply Changes" to save	vireless settings of the router, make the changes here. Click the settings. More Info	
Wireless Channel >	Auto V Current Channel > 11	
SSID >	Belkin Pre-N_012345	
Wireless Mode >	802.11g&802.11b 💌	
Broadcast SSID >	More Info	- (1)
Protected Mode >	On v More Info	
QoS Configuratio	n	
ACK Mode >	Burst ACK	
802.11e QoS >	On 💌	- [2]
Clea	r Changes Apply Changes	(2)

Using the Wireless Mode Switch

This switch allows you to set the Router's wireless modes. There are three modes.

802.11g-Only Mode

Setting the Router to this mode will allow only Pre-N and 802.11g-compliant devices to join the network, keeping out any slower 802.11b devices.

802.11g & 802.11b

Setting the Router to this mode will let Pre-N-, 802.11g-, and 802.11b-compliant devices to join the network.

Off

This mode will turn OFF the Router's Access Point, so no wireless devices can join the network. Turning off the wireless function of your Router is a great way to secure your network when you are away from home for a long period of time, or don't want to use the wireless feature of the Router at a certain time.

Changing the Wireless Channel

There are a number of operating channels you can choose from. In the United States, there are 11 channels. In the United Kingdom and most of Europe, there are 13 channels. In a small number of other countries, there are other channel requirements. Your Router is configured to operate on the proper channels for the country you reside in. The channel can be changed if needed. If there are other wireless networks operating in your area, your network should be set to operate on a channel that is different than the other wireless networks.

Auto Channel Selection Feature and Changing the Channel

For best performance, your Router should use a channel that is at least five channels away from the other wireless networks in the area. For instance, if another network is operating on channel 11, then set your network to channel 6 or below. The auto channel selection mode will choose the clearest channel to operate on when the Router is first powered up. Your Router ships from the factory with the auto channel feature enabled. You can manually select a channel if you wish; however, it is recommended to use the auto channel mode. To change the channel, select the channel from the drop-down list. Click "Apply Changes". The change is immediate.



Using the Broadcast SSID Feature

Note: This advanced feature should be employed by advanced users only. For security, you can choose not to broadcast your network's SSID. Doing so will keep your network name hidden from computers that are scanning for the presence of wireless networks. To turn off the broadcast of the SSID, remove the check mark from the box next to "Broadcast SSID", and then click "Apply Changes". The change is immediate. Each computer now needs to be set to connect to your specific SSID; an SSID of "ANY" will no longer be accepted. Refer to the documentation of your wireless network adapter for information on making this change.

Protected Mode Switch

Protected mode will ensure proper operation of 802.11g devices on your Pre-N network when 802.11b devices are present or when there is heavy 802.11b traffic in the operating environment. If you are using a mix of Belkin Pre-N Wireless Cards and 802.11b or 802.11g cards on your network, protected mode should be used. If you are in an environment where there is no other (or very little) 802.11b wireless network traffic, best 802.11g performance may be achieved with protected mode OFF. If you are operating in an environment with HEAVY 802.11b traffic or interference, best 802.11g performance may be achieved with protected mode ON. Wireless Pre-N performance is not affected by this setting.

QoS (Quality of Service) Configuration

QoS prioritizes important data on your network such as multimedia content and Voice over IP (VoIP) so it will not be interfered with by other data being sent over the network. Based on 802.11e, this feature can be turned on or off and you can choose the acknowledgement mode you want to use. If you plan to stream multimedia content or use VoIP on your network, the QoS feature should be enabled.

ACK Mode

There are two acknowledgement (ACK) modes that can be employed to get the best multimedia performance on your network: Burst ACK and Immediate ACK.

Immediate ACK is the default (factory) setting and is recommended for normal network operation. Changing the ACK mode from Immediate ACK to Burst ACK may affect long-range throughput. Use Immediate ACK when long-range performance of your network is most important to you.

Burst ACK mode will lower overhead by not acknowledging every packet sent over the network. When there is a very good link between the Router and the client, Burst ACK can provide a throughput boost. If an application, such as streaming multiple high-data video streams, requires maximum bandwidth, use Burst ACK mode. Keep in mind that long-range performance may be affected when using Burst ACK mode.

QoS Switch

Allows you to turn ON or OFF QoS.

Changing the Wireless Security Settings

Your Router is equipped with the latest security standard called WPA (Wireless Protected Access). It also supports the legacy security standard called WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy). By default, wireless security is disabled. To enable security, you will need to determine which standard you want to use. To access the security settings, click "Security" on the "Wireless" tab.

Setting WPA Security

Note: To use WPA security, your wireless network cards must be equipped with software that supports WPA. At the time this User Manual was published, a security patch from Microsoft is available for free download. This patch woks only with Windows XP.

Your Router supports WPA-PSK (no server). WPA-PSK uses what is known as a pre-shared key as the security key. A pre-shared key is basically a password that is between eight and 63 characters long. It can be a combination of letters, numbers, or characters. Each client uses the same key to access the network. Typically this is the mode that will be used in a home environment.

Setting WPA-PSK

Note: To use WPA security, your wireless network cards must be equipped with software that supports WPA. At the time this User Manual was published, a security patch from Microsoft is available for free download. This patch woks only with Windows XP.

- 1. From the "Security Mode" drop-down menu, select "WPA-PSK (no server)".
- 2. For "Encryption Technique", select "TKIP" or "AES". This setting will have to be identical on the clients that you set up.
- **3.** Enter your pre-shared key. This can be from eight to 63 characters and can be letters, numbers, or symbols. This same key must be used on all of the clients that you set up.
- **4.** Click "Apply Changes" to finish. You must now set all clients to match these settings.

Wireless > Security	
Security Mode	WPA-PSK (no server)
Encryption Technique	AES Y Default is TKIP
Pre-shared Key (PSK)	PSKpassword
	WPA-PSK (no server) Wirnless Protected Access with a Pre-Shared Key: The key is a password, in the form of a word, phrase or series of letters and numbers. The key must be between 8 and 63 characters long and can include spaces and symbols. Each client that connects to the network must use the same key (Pre-Shared Key). Hore Info
Obscure PSK	
	Clear Changes Apply Changes

Setting WEP Encryption

Note to Mac users: The "Passphrase" option will not operate with Apple[®] AirPort[®]. To configure encryption for your Mac computer, set the encryption using the manual method described in the next section.

1. Select "128-bit WEP" or "64-bit WEP" from the drop-down menu.

Security Mode You can configure wireless : enabled to assure maximum provides dynamic key chan wireless environments, whe Privacy) should be used. Mo	128bit WEP 64bit WEP	 Security should be bless Protected Access) ecurity solution. In A, WEP (Wired Equivalent

 After selecting your WEP encryption mode, you can enter you WEP key manually by typing in the hex WEP key manually, or you can type a passphrase in the "PassPhrase" field and click "Generate" to create a WEP key from the passphrase. Click "Apply Changes" to finish. You must now set all of your clients to match these settings.

Wireless > Security				
Security Mode	128bitWEP	~		
	80 , 80 , 80 90 , 80 , 90 90 , 90 , 90], ●● _ , ●●], ●● _ , ●●] (13 hex digit pairs)		
NOTE:	To automatically generate h PassPhrase, input it here	nex pairs using a		
PassPhrase		generate		
	Clear Changes	Apply Changes		

3. Encryption in the Router is now set. Each of your computers on your wireless network will now need to be configured with the same passphrase. Refer to the documentation of your wireless network adapter for information on making this change.

Using a Hexadecimal Key

A hexadecimal key is a mixture of numbers and letters from A–F and 0–9. 64-bit keys are 10 digits long and can be divided into five two-digit numbers. 128-bit keys are 26 digits long and can be divided into 13 two-digit numbers.

For instance:

AF 0F 4B C3 D4 = 64-bit key C3 03 0F AF 0F 4B B2 C3 D4 4B C3 D4 E7 = 128-bit key

In the boxes below, make up your key by writing in two characters between A-F and 0-9. You will use this key to program the encryption settings on your Router and your wireless computers.



Note to Mac users: Original Apple AirPort products support 64-bit encryption only. Apple AirPort 2 products can support 64-bit or 128-bit encryption. Please check your product to see which version you are using. If you cannot configure your network with 128-bit encryption, try 64-bit encryption.

Using the Access Point Mode

Note: This advanced feature should be employed by advanced users only. The Router can be configured to work as a wireless network Access Point. Using this mode will defeat the NAT IP sharing feature and DHCP server. In AP mode, the Router will need to be configured with an IP address that is in the same subnet as the rest of the network that you will bridge to. The default IP address is 192.168.2.254 and subnet mask is 255.255.255.0. These can be customized for your need.

- 1. Enable the AP mode my selecting "Enable" in the "Use as Access Point only" page. When you select this option, you will be able to change the IP settings.
- 2. Set your IP settings to match your network. Click "Apply Changes".
- **3.** Connect a cable from the WAN port on the Router to your existing network.

The Router is now acting as an Access Point. To access the Router advanced user interface again, type the IP address you specified into your browser's navigation bar. You can set the encryption settings, MAC address filtering, SSID, and channel normally.

Setting MAC Address Control

The MAC address filter is a powerful security feature that allows you to specify which computers are allowed on the wireless network. **Note:** This list applies only to wireless computers. This list can be configured so any computer attempting to access the wireless network that is not specified in the filter list will be denied access. When you enable this feature, you must enter the MAC address of each client (computer) to which you want to allow network access. The "Block" feature lets you turn on and off access to the network easily for any computer without having to add and remove the computer's MAC address from the list.

		(1)	(2)	
		/	/	1
LAN Setup	able/DSL Gateway Ro		Home/Help/Logout Internet Status: Commented	
LAN Settings	Wireless > MA	C address control		
DHCP Client List Internet WAN	Mac Address C the wireless ne	ontrol is the ability to set a stwork.	up a list of clients that you want to allow or deny access to	- (3)
Connection Type DNS	6 Alle	w ODeny ③Disable		
MAC Address Wireless		MAC Address		- (4)
Channel and SSID			<< Add	(4)
Security	1.	0050fcd01253	Delete	
Use as Access Point	2.	001150000001	Delete	
MAC Address Control Firewall	3.	0030BD000001	Delete	
Virtual Servers Client IP Filters		Clear Chang	es Apply Changes	(5)
DMZ DDNS				
WAN Ping Blocking				
Security Log Utilities				
Parental Control	-			
Restart Router				
Restore Factory Default				

Setting up an Allow Access List

- 1. Select the "Allow" radio button (1) to begin setting up a list of computers allowed to connect to the wireless network.
- 2. Next, in the "MAC Address" field that is blank (3), type in the MAC address of the wireless computer you want to be able to access the wireless network, then click "<<Add" (4).
- **3.** Continue to do this until all of the computers you want to add have been entered.
- 4. Click "Apply Changes" (5) to finish.

Setting up a Deny Access List

The "Deny Access" list lets you specify computers that you DO NOT want to access the network. Any computer in the list will not be allowed access to the wireless network. All others will.

- 1. Select the "Deny" radio button (2) to begin setting up a list of computers to be denied access to the wireless network.
- 2. Next, in the "MAC Address" field that is blank (3), type in the MAC address of the wireless computer you want to deny access to the wireless network, then click "<<Add" (4).
- **3.** Continue to do this until all of the computers you want to deny access to have been entered.
- 4. Click "Apply Changes" (5) to finish.

Configuring the Firewall

Your Router is equipped with a firewall that will protect your network from a wide array of common hacker attacks including:

- IP Spoofing
- Land Attack Ping of Death (PoD)
- Denial of Service (DoS)
- IP with zero length
- Smurf Attack
- TCP Null Scan
- SYN flood
- UDP flooding
- Tear Drop Attack
- ICMP defect
- RIP defect
- Fragment flooding

The firewall also masks common ports that are frequently used to attack networks. These ports appear to be "stealth" meaning that for all intents and purposes, they do not exist to a would-be hacker. You can turn the firewall function off if needed; however, it is recommended that you leave the firewall enabled. Disabling the firewall protection will not leave your network completely vulnerable to hacker attacks, but it is recommended that you leave the firewall enabled.

BELKIN Ca	ble/DSL Gateway Router Setup Utility
BELKIN	Home/Help/Logout Internet Status: Connected
	nomej neipi Logout Internet Status: Commercial
LAN Setup	Firewall >
LAN Settings	1 II GWall >
DHCP Client List	Your Router is equipped with a firewall that will protect your network from a wide array of common
Internet WAN	hacker attacks including Ping of Death (PoD) and Denial of Service (DoS) attacks. You can turn the
Connection Type	firewall function off if needed. Turning off the firewall protection will not leave your network completely vulnerable to hacker attacks, but it is recommended that you turn the firewall on whenever possible.
DNS	runerable to nacker datacky but it is recommended that you tam the mewar on whenever possible.
MAC Address	
Wireless	Firewall Enable / Disable > O Disable 🛞 Enable
Channel and SSID	
Security	
Use as Access Point	Clear Changes Apply Changes
MAC Address Control	
Firewall	
Virtual Servers	
Client IP Filters	
DMZ	
DDNS	
WAN Ping Blocking	
Security Log	
Utilities	
Parental Control	
Restart Router	

Configuring Internal Forwarding Settings

The Virtual Servers function will allow you to route external (Internet) calls for services such as a web server (port 80), FTP server (Port 21), or other applications through your Router to your internal network. Since your internal computers are protected by a firewall, computers outside your network (over the Internet) cannot get to them because they cannot be "seen". A list of common applications has been provided in case you need to configure the Virtual Server function for a specific application. If your application is not listed, you will need to contact the application vendor to find out which port settings you need.

BELKIN CA					н	amel Helpi Lopaut - Internet S	tatus: Connecte	
LAN Setup								
AN Settings	Firewall > Virtual servers							
OHCP Client List	This function will allow you to route external (Internet) calls for services such as a web server							
Internet WAH	(port 80), FTP server (Port 21), or other applications through your Router to your internal							
Connection Type		network.	More Info					
INS			c la	ar Changes	Apply Ch			
WAC Address Wireless					- ADDA CO	edd 🗸		
Dancel and 5510			Add Active Wo			tool (
Beourity			Clear entry 1	~		Clear		
Jze az Accesz Point		Enable	Description	Inbound port	Type	Private IP address	Private port	
MAC Address Control		-	HTTP	80 80			80 80	
Firewall	1.		HITP	80 . 80	TCP ¥	192.168.2.2	80 . 80	
Artual Servers	2.		HTTP	80 . 80	UDP Y	192,160,2,2	80 . 80	
Dient IP Filters	-							
Inns	3.		FTP	21 . 21	TCP 🛩	192.168.2.2	21 . 21	
WAN Ping Blocking	4.		tto	21 . 21	UDP V	192,168,2,2	21 . 21	
Recurity Log	· · ·		140	e1 . e1	OUP 1	192,108,216	e1 . e1	
Utilities	s.				TCP Y	192.168.2.		
Parental Control								
Restart Router	6.				TCP 💌	192.168.2		
Restore Factory Default SevelSeckup Settings	7.				TCP M	192 168 2		
SevelSeckup Settings Restore Previous Settings								
Tirmware Update	σ.			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	TCP 💌	192.168.2	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
System Settings								

Choosing an Application

Select your application from the drop-down list. Click "Add". The settings will be transferred to the next available space in the screen. Click "Apply Changes" to save the setting for that application. To remove an application, select the number of the row that you want to remove then click "Clear".

Manually Entering Settings into the Virtual Server

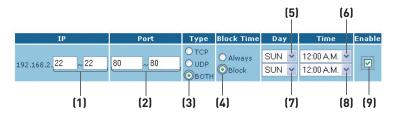
To manually enter settings, enter the IP address in the space provided for the internal (server) machine, the port(s) required to pass (use a comma between multiple ports), select the port type (TCP or UDP), and click "Apply Changes". You can only pass one port per internal IP address. Opening ports in your firewall can pose a security risk. You can enable and disable settings very quickly. It is recommended that you disable the settings when you are not using a specific application.

Setting Client IP Filters

The Router can be configured to restrict access to the Internet, e-mail, or other network services at specific days and times. Restriction can be set for a single computer, a range of computers, or multiple computers.

				nomern	eipi Logour i	nternet Status: Co	meete
LAN Setup	Firewall > Client IP f	litere					
LAN Settings	Firewail > Client IP 1	inters					
DHCP Client List	The Router can be configu	red to restrict aco	ess to the Int	ernet, e-mail o	r other petwo	rk services	
Internet WAN	at specific days and times						
Connection Type							
DNS	IP	Port	Туре	Block Time	Day	Time	Enabl
MAC Address			OTCP	Always	SUN M	12:00 A.M. 🛩	
Wireless	192.168.2. ~	~	OUDP	Black	SUN M	1200 AM	
Channel and SSID			Овотн		CONT.	TCOOT ONL D	
Security			OTCP	Always	SUN M	1200 AM	
lse as Access Point	192.168.2. ~	~		Always Block	SUN M	1200 AM	
AC Address Control			Овотн	BIOCK	SUN M	12.00 A.M.	
Firewall			OTCP		SUN M	1200AM	
Virtual Servers	192.168.2. ~	~		 Always 			
Dient IP Filters			Овотн	OBlock	SUN 🚩	12:00 A.M. 🕑	
SWC			Orca		_		
DDNS	192.168.2		QUDP	Always	SUN M	12:00 A.M. 🜱	
KAN Ping Blocking	195-100-51	m	Овотн	OBlock	SUN M	12:00 A.M. 🗡	
Security Log			OTCP				
Utilities			OUDP	Always	SUN 🜱	12:00 A.M. 🗠	
Parental Control	192.168.2. ~	M		OBlock	SUN 🛩	12:00 A.M. 🛩	
leatert Router			Овотн				
Restore Factory Default			OTCP	Always	SUN M	12:00 A.M. 💌	
Save/Backup Settings	192.168.2. ~	~	OUDP	Block	SUN ¥	12:00 A.M. Y	
leatore Previous Settings			OBOTH				

To restrict Internet access to a single computer for example, enter the IP address of the computer you wish to restrict access to in the IP fields (1). Next, enter "80" in both the port fields (2). Select "Both" (3). Select "Block" (4). You can also select "Always" to block access all of the time. Select the day to start on top (5), the time to start on top (6), the day to end on the bottom (7), and the time to stop (8) on the bottom. Select "Enable" (9). Click "Apply Changes". The computer at the IP address you specified will now be blocked from Internet access at the times you specified. Note: Be sure you have selected the correct time zone under "Utilities> System Settings> Time Zone".



Enabling the Demilitarized Zone (DMZ)

The DMZ feature allows you to specify one computer on your network to be placed outside of the firewall. This may be necessary if the firewall is causing problems with an application such as a game or video conferencing application. Use this feature on a temporary basis. The computer in the DMZ is NOT protected from hacker attacks.

BELKIN Ca	ble/DSL Gat	eway Router Setup	utility				
					Home Help Log	ut Internet	Status: Connected
LAN Setup	-						
LAN Settings	Firewall	> DMZ					
DHCP Client List	DMZ						
Internet WAN			specify one computer				
Connection Type			AT feature is causing this feature on a tempo				
DNS	from ha	oker attacks. To put a	computer in the DMZ,	enter the	last digits of its		
MAC Address	and sele	ct "Enable". Click "Sul	omit" for the change to	take eff	ect. More Info		
Wireless							
Channel and SSID		IP Address of Virtu	al DMZ Host >				
Security		Static IP	Private IP		Enable		
Use as Access Point MAC Address Control					-		
MAC Address Control	1.	192.168.1.5	192.168.2.				
Mitual Servers		Clear C		looly Ch			
Client IP Filters		Clear C	nanges	apply Ch	anges		
OMZ							
DDNS							
WAN Ping Blocking							
Security Log							
Utilities							
Parental Control							
Restart Router							
Restore Factory Default							
Save/Backup Settings							
Restore Previous Settings							
Firmware Update							
System Settings							

To put a computer in the DMZ, enter the last digits of its IP address in the IP field and select "Enable". Click "Apply Changes" for the change to take effect. If you are using multiple static WAN IP addresses, it is possible to select which WAN IP address the DMZ host will be directed to. Type in the WAN IP address you wish the DMZ host to direct to, enter the last two digits of the IP address of the DMZ host computer, select "Enable" and click "Apply Changes".

Using Dynamic DNS

The Dynamic DNS service allows you to alias a dynamic IP address to a static host name in any of the many domains DynDNS.org offers, allowing your network computers to be more easily accessed from various locations on the Internet. DynDNS.org provides this service, for up to five host names, free to the Internet community.

The Dynamic DNSSM service is ideal for a home website, file server, or to make it easy to access your home PC and stored files while you're at work. Using the service can ensure that your host name always points to your IP address, no matter how often your ISP changes it. When your IP address changes, your friends and associates can always locate you by visiting yourname.dyndns.org instead!

To register free for your Dynamic DNS host name, please visit **http://www.dyndns.org.**

Setting up the Router's Dynamic DNS Update Client

You must register with DynDNS.org's free update service before using this feature. Once you have your registration, follow the directions below.

- 1. Enter your DynDNS.org user name in the "User Name" field (1).
- 2. Enter your DynDNS.org password in the "Password" field (2).
- **3.** Enter the DynDNS.org domain name you set up with DynDNS.org in the "Domain Name" field **(3)**.
- 4. Click "Update Dynamic DNS" to update your IP address.

Whenever your IP address assigned by your ISP changes, the Router will automatically update DynDNS.org's servers with your new IP address. You can also do this manually by clicking the "Update Dynamic DNS" button [4].

ewall > DDNS		
DNS		
	provide Internet users with a domain name (instead of ic DNS provided by the provider: http://www.dyndns.c	f an IP address) to access your virtual servers. Your Wi org. Please register first.
		<u> </u>
User Name >	usemame	(2)
Password >	Analogicalask	•••
		——— (3)
Domain Name >	me@dyndns.org	[4]

Blocking an ICMP Ping

Computer hackers use what is known as "pinging" to find potential victims on the Internet. By pinging a specific IP address and receiving a response from the IP address, a hacker can determine that something of interest might be there. The Router can be set up so it will not respond to an ICMP ping from the outside. This heightens your Router's security level.

BELKIN Ca	ble/DSL Gateway Router Setup Utility					
BELKIN	Home Help Logout Internet Status: Germann					
LAN Setup						
LAN Settings	Firewall > WAN Ping Blocking					
DHCP Client List	ADVANCED FEATURE! You can configure the Router not to respond to an ICMP Ping (ping to the WAN port). This offers a heightened level of security. More Info					
Internet WAN						
Connection Type	(4)					
DNS	Block ICMP Ping > [1]					
MAC Address						
Wireless						
Channel and SSID	Clear Changes Apply Changes					
Security	Clear Changes Apply Changes					
Use as Access Point						
MAC Address Control						
Firewall						
Virtual Servers						
Client IP Filters						
DMZ						
DDNS						
WAN Ping Blocking						
Security Log						
INDIAR						

To turn off the ping response, select "Block ICMP Ping" **(1)** and click "Apply Changes". The Router will not respond to an ICMP ping.

Utilities

The "Utilities" screen lets you manage different parameters of the Router and perform certain administrative functions.

BELKIN Cab	rle/DSL Gateway Router Setup Utility
	Home Help Logout Internet Status: Connected
LAN Setup	
LAN Settings	Utilities > Restart Router
DHCP Client List	This screen lets you manage different parameters of the Router and perform certain administrative functions.
Internet WAN	
Connection Type	Parental Control
DNS	Belkin's Parental Control protects you and your kids from objectionable content on the web. Belkin's Parental Control is the filter you set up. Now you can surf the net with your kids even when you are not
MAC Address	there.
Wireless	
Channel and SSID	 Reset Router Sometimes it may be necessary to Reset or Reboot the Router if it begins working improperly. Resetting
Encryption	or Rebooting the Router will not delete any of your configuration settings.
Use as Access Point	
Wireless Bridge	 Restore Default Settings Using this option will restore all of the settings in the Router to the factory (default) settings. It is
Firewall	recommended that you backup your settings before you restore all of the defaults.
Virtual Servers	Save Current Configuration
Client IP Filters	You can save your current configuration by using this feature. Saving your configuration will allow you to
MAC Address Filtering	restore it later if your settings are lost or changed. It is recommended that you backup your current
DMZ	configuration before performing a firmware update.
WAN Ping Blocking	Restore Previous Configuration
Security Log	This option will allow you to restore a previously saved configuration.
Utilities	Firmware Update
Parental Control	From time to time, Belkin may release new versions of the Router's firmware. Firmware updates contain
Restart Router	feature improvements and fixes to problems that may have existed.
Restore Factory Default	System Settings
Save/Backup Settings	The System Settings page is where you can enter a new administrator password , set the time zone,
Restore Previous Settings	enable remote management and turn on and off the NAT function of the Router.
Firmware Update	
System Settings	

Parental Control

See the included Parental Control User Manual for more information on the Parental Control feature.

Restarting the Router

Sometimes it may be necessary to restart or reboot the Router if it begins working improperly. Restarting or rebooting the Router will **NOT** delete any of your configuration settings.

Utilities > Restart Router

Restarting the Router to Restore Normal Operation

- 1. Click the "Restart Router" button.
- 2. The following message will appear. Click "OK".



Sometimes it may be necessary to Restart or Reboot the Router if it begins working improperly Restarting or Rebooting the Router will not delete any of your configuration settings. Click the "Restart Router" button below to Restart the Router.

3. The following message will appear. Restarting the Router can take up to 60 seconds. It is important not to turn off the power to the Router during the restart.



4. A 60-second countdown will appear on the screen. When the countdown reaches zero, the Router will be restarted. The Router home page should appear automatically. If not, type in the Router's address (default = 192.168.2.1) into the navigation bar of your browser.

Utilities > Restore Factory Defaults

Microsoft Internet Explorer

WARNING:

OK

All Your Settings Will be Lost! Are You Sure You want to do this?

Cancel

Using this exists, will restore all of the settings in the Router to the factory (default) settings. It is recommended that you backup, your so those petrory our source all of the defaults. To restore the factory default settings, click the "Restore Defaults" button below.

Restoring Factory Default Settings

Using this option will restore all of the settings in the Router to the factory (default) settings. It is recommended that you back up your settings before you restore all of the defaults.

- 1. Click the "Restore Defaults" button.
- 2. The following message will appear. Click "OK".

- 3. The following message will appear. Restoring the defaults includes restarting the Router. It can take up to 60 seconds. It is important not to turn the power to the Router off during the restart.
- 4. A 60-second countdown will appear on the screen. When the countdown reaches zero, the Router's defaults will be restored. The Router home page should appear automatically. If it does not, type in the Router's address (default = 192.168.2.1) into the navigation bar of your browser.





Saving a Current Configuration

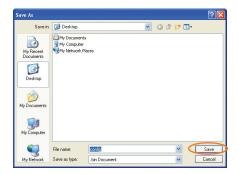
You can save your current configuration by using this feature. Saving your configuration will allow you to restore it later if your settings are lost or changed. It is recommended that you back up your current configuration before performing a firmware update.



 Click "Save". A window called "File Download" will open. Click "Save".

File Dov	vnload 🛛 🔀
?	You are downloading the file: config.bin from 192.168.2.1
	Would you like to open the file or save it to your computer? Open Save Cancel More Info Always ask before opening this type of file

2. A window will open that allows you to select the location where you want to save the configuration file. Select a location. You can name the file anything you want, or use the default name "Config". Be sure to name the file so you can locate it yourself later. When you have selected the location and name of the file, click "Save".



 When the save is complete, you will see the window below. Click "Close".

The configuration is now saved.

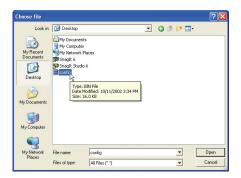
Download complete
Download Complete Saved: config.blin from 192.168.2.1
Downloaded: 16.0 KB in 1 sec Download to: C:\Documents and Setting\config.bin Transfer rate: 16.0 KB/Sec
Close this dialog box when download completes Open Open Folder Close

Restoring a Previous Configuration

This option will allow you to restore a previously saved configuration.

Utilities > Restore Previous Settings
This option will allow you to restore a previously saved configuration.
Browse
Restore

1. Click "Browse". A window will open that allows you to select the location of the configuration file. All configuration files end with a ".bin". Locate the configuration file you want to restore and double-click on it.



2. You will be asked if you want to continue. Click "OK".



3. A reminder window will appear. It will take up to 60 seconds for the configuration restoration to complete. Click "OK".



4. A 60-second countdown will appear on the screen. When the countdown reaches zero, the Router's configuration will be restored. The Router home page should appear automatically. If not, type in the Router's address (default = 192.168.2.1) into the navigation bar of your browser.

Updating the Firmware

From time to time, Belkin may release new versions of the Router's firmware. Firmware updates contain feature improvements and fixes to problems that may have existed. When Belkin releases new firmware, you can download the firmware from the Belkin update website and update your Router's firmware to the latest version.

Utilities > Firmware Update				
From time to time, Belkin may release new versions of the Router's firmware. Firmware updates contain improvements and fixes to problems that may have existed. Click the link below to see if there is a new firmware update available for this Router.				
NOTE: Please backup your current settings before updating to a new version of firmware. Click Here to go to the Save/Backup current settings page.				
Check For New Firmware Version >	Check Firmware	(1)		
Update Firmware >	Browse			
	Update			

Checking for a New Version of Firmware

The "Check Firmware" **(1)** button allows you to instantly check for a new version of firmware. When you click the button, a new browser window will appear informing you that either no new firmware is available or that there is a new version available. If a new version is available, you will have the option to download it.

Downloading a New Version of Firmware

If you click the "Check Firmware" button and a new version of firmware is available, you will see a screen similar to the one below:



- 1. To download the new version of firmware, click "Download".
- 2. A window will open that allows you to select the location where you want to save the firmware file. Select a location. You can name the file anything you want, or use the default name. Be sure to locate the file in a place where you can locate it yourself later. When you have selected the location, click "Save".

Save As							? 🛛
Save in:	🞯 Desktop		~	G	1 🖻	•	
My Recent Documents	My Documents My Computer My Network Place	85					
Desktop							
My Documents							
My Computer							
	File name:	config			*	(Save
My Network	Save as type:	.bin Document			*		Cancel

3. When the save is complete, you will see the following window. Click "Close".



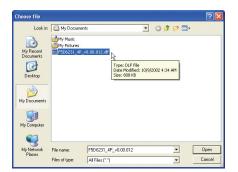
The download of the firmware is complete. To update the firmware, follow the next steps in "Updating the Router's Firmware".

Updating the Router's Firmware

 In the "Firmware Update" page, click "Browse". A window will open that allows you to select the location of the firmware update file.



2. Browse to the firmware file you downloaded. Select the file by double-clicking on the file name.



 The "Update Firmware" box will now display the location and name of the firmware file you just selected. Click "Update".

rmware Update	
updates contain improvement	r release new versions of the Router's firmware. Firmware s and fixes to problems that may have existed. Click the linl firmware update available for this Router.
NOTE: Please backup your cur <u>Click Here</u> to go to the Save/E	rrent settings before updating to a new version of firmware. Backup current settings page.
Check For New Firmware Version	Check Firmware
Update Firmware >	C:\Documents and Settings\/ Browse
(Update
	- HA

4. You will be asked if you are sure you want to continue. Click "OK".

Microsof	ft Internet Explorer 🛛 🔀
?	Are you sure you want to continue with upgrading?
	Cancel

5. You will see one more message. This message tells you that the Router may not respond for as long as one minute as the firmware is loaded into the Router and the Router is rebooted. Click "OK".

1	Microso	ft Internet Explorer 🛛 🔀
	1	At the end of the upgrade, the Router may not respond to commands for as long as one minute. This is normal. Do not turn off or reboot the Router during this time.
		(x)

6. A 60-second countdown will appear on the screen. When the countdown reaches zero, the Router firmware update will be complete. The Router home page should appear automatically. If not, type in the Router's address (default = 192.168.2.1) into the navigation bar of your browser.

Changing System Settings

The "System Settings" page is where you can enter a new administrator password, set the time zone, enable remote management, and turn on and off the NAT function of the Router.

Setting or Changing the Administrator Password

The Router ships with NO password entered. If you wish to add a password for greater security, you can set a password here. Write down your password and keep it in a safe place, as you will need it if you need to log into the Router in the future. It is also recommended that you set a password if you plan to use the remote management feature of your Router.

Administrator Password:	
The Router ships with NO password e can set a password here. More Info	ntered. If you wish to add a password for more security, you
• Type in current Password >	
 Type in new Password > 	
- Confirm new Password >	
- Login Timeout >	10 (1-99 minutes)

Changing the Login Timeout Setting

The login timeout option allows you to set the period of time that you can be logged into the Router's advanced setup interface. The timer starts when there has been no activity. For example, imagine you have made some changes in the advanced setup interface, then left your computer alone without clicking "Logout". Assuming the timeout is set to 10 minutes, 10 minutes after you leave, the login session will expire. You will have to log into the Router again to make any more changes. The login timeout option is for security purposes and the default is set to 10 minutes.

Note: Only one computer can be logged into the Router's advanced setup interface at one time.

Setting the Time and Time Zone

The Router keeps time by connecting to a Simple Network Time Protocol (SNTP) server. This allows the Router to synchronize the system clock to the global Internet. The synchronized clock in the Router is used to record the security log and control client filtering. Select the time zone that you reside in. If you reside in an area that observes daylight saving, then place a check mark in the box next to "Enable Daylight Saving". The system clock may not update immediately. Allow at least 15 minutes for the Router to contact the time servers on the Internet and get a response. You cannot set the clock yourself.

Time and Time Zone: Please set your time Zone. If you Info	April 22 , 2003 11:12:36 AM are in an area that observes daylight saving check this box. More
- Time Zone >	(GMT-08:00) Pacific Time (US & Canada); Tijuana 🛛 💌
- Daylight Savings >	Automatically Adjust Daylight Saving

Enabling Remote Management

Before you enable this advanced feature of your Belkin Router, MAKE SURE YOU HAVE SET THE ADMINISTRATOR PASSWORD. Remote management allows you to make changes to your Router's settings from anywhere on the Internet. There are two methods of remotely managing the Router. The first is to allow access to the Router from anywhere on the Internet by selecting "Any IP address can remotely manage the Router". By typing in your WAN IP address from any computer on the Internet, you will be presented with a login screen where you need to type in the password of your Router. The second method is to allow a specific IP address only to remotely manage the Router. This is more secure, but less convenient. To use this method, enter the IP address you know you will be accessing the Router from in the space provided and select "Only this IP address can remotely manage the Router". Before you enable this function, it is STRONGLY RECOMMENDED that you set your administrator password. Leaving the password empty will potentially open your Router to intrusion.

Remote Management:
ADVANCED FEATURE! Remote management allows you to make changes to your Router's settings from anywhere on the Internet. Before you enable this function, MAKE SURE YOU HAVE SET THE ADMINISTRATOR PASSWORD. More Info
Any IP address can remotely manage the router.
- Only this IP address can remotely,, _,

Enabling/Disabling NAT (Network Address Translation)

Note: This advanced feature should be employed by advanced users only.

Before enabling this function, **MAKE SURE YOU HAVE SET THE ADMINISTRATOR PASSWORD**. Network Address Translation (NAT) is the method by which the Router shares the single IP address assigned by your ISP with the other computers on your network. This function should only be used if your ISP assigns you multiple IP addresses or you need NAT disabled for an advanced system configuration. If you have a single IP address and you turn NAT off, the computers on your network will not be able to access the Internet. Other problems may also occur. Turning off NAT will not affect your firewall functions.



Enabling/Disabling UPnP

UPnP (Universal Plug-and-Play) is yet another advanced feature offered by your Belkin Router. It is a technology that offers seamless operation of voice messaging, video messaging, games, and other applications that are UPnP-compliant. Some applications require the Router's firewall to be configured in a specific way to operate properly. This usually requires opening TCP and UDP ports, and in some instances, setting trigger ports. An application that is UPnP-compliant has the ability to communicate with the Router, basically "telling" the Router which way it needs the firewall configured. The Router ships with the UPnP feature disabled. If you are using any applications that are UPnP-compliant, and wish to take advantage of the UPnP features, you can enable the UPnP feature. Simply select "Enable" in the "UPnP Enabling" section of the "Utilities" page. Click "Apply Changes" to save the change.



e C

Enabling/Disabling Auto Firmware Update

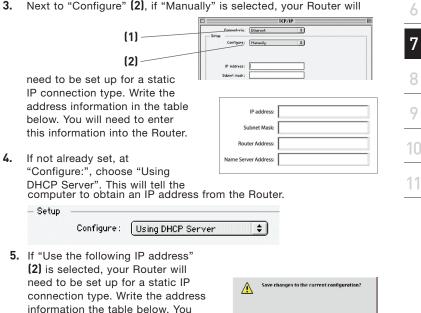
This innovation provides the Router with the built-in capability to automatically check for a new version of firmware and alert you that the new firmware is available. When you log into the Router's advanced interface, the Router will perform a check to see if new firmware is available. If so, you will be notified. You can choose to download the new version or ignore it.

Auto Update Firmware Enabling:	
ADVANCED FEATURE! Allows you to upd	ate firmware automatically of the Router off. More Info
- Auto Update Firmware Enable / Disable >	🔿 Enable 💿 Disable

Set up the computer that is connected to the cable or DSL modem FIRST using these steps. You can also use these steps to add computers to your Router after the Router has been set up to connect to the Internet.

Manually Configuring Network Settings in Mac OS up to 9.x

- 1. Pull down the Apple menu. Select "Control Panels" and select "TCP/IP".
- 2. You will see the TCP/IP control panel. Select "Ethernet Built-In" or "Ethernet" in the "Connect via:" drop-down menu [1].
- 3. Next to "Configure" (2), if "Manually" is selected, your Router will



Restart the computer. When the computer restarts, your network settings are now configured for use with the Router.

Cancel Save

Don't Save

will need to enter this information

into the Router.

Manually Configuring Network Adapters in Mac OS X

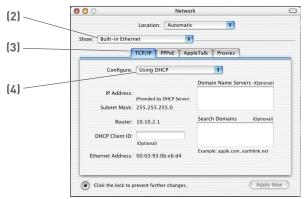
1. Click on the "System Preferences" icon.



2. Select "Network" [1] from the "System Preferences" menu.

	$\Theta \Theta \odot$		S	stem Prefere	ences		
	Personal						
			File New	3		2	
	Desktop	Dock	General	International	Login	Screen Saver	Universal Access
	Hardware						
]				<u>6 x</u>	١	0	
	ColorSync	Displays	Energy Saver	Keyboard	Mouse	Sound	
	Internet &	Network					
			Ø	1			
	Internet	Network	QuickTime	Sharing			
	System						
	9	A	()	0	2	1	
	Classic	Date & Time	Software Update	Speech	Startup Disk	Users	

3. Select "Built-in Ethernet" (2) next to "Show" in the Network menu.



- Select the "TCP/IP" tab (3). Next to "Configure" (4), you should see "Manually" or "Using DHCP". If you do not, check the PPPoE tab (5) to make sure that "Connect using PPPoE" is NOT selected. If it is, you will need to configure your Router for a PPPoE connection type using your user name and password.
- **5.** If "Manually" is selected, your Router will need to be set up for a static IP connection type. Write the address information in the table below. You will need to enter this information into the Router.

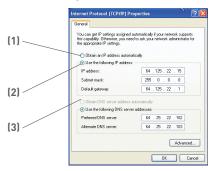
IP address:	
Subnet Mask:	
Router Address:	
Name Server Address:	

If not already selected, select "Using DHCP" next to "Configure"
 (4), then click "Apply Now".

Your network settings are now configured for use with the Router.

Manually Configuring Network Settings in Windows 2000, NT, or XP

- 1. Click "Start", "Settings", then "Control Panel".
- 2. Double-click on the "Network and dial-up connections" icon (Windows 2000) or the "Network" icon (Windows XP).
- **3.** Right-click on the "Local Area Connection" associated with your network adapter and select "Properties" from the drop-down menu.
- 4. In the "Local Area Connection Properties" window, click "Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)" and click the "Properties" button. The following screen will appear:
- 5. If "Use the following IP address" (2) is selected, your Router will



need to be set up for a static IP connection type. Write the address information the table below. You will need to enter this information into the Router.

6. If not already selected, select "Obtain an IP address automatically"

 (1) and "Obtain DNS server address automatically"
 (3). Click "OK".

 Your network settings are now configured for use with the Router.

IP address:	
Subnet Mask:	
Default gateway:	
Preferred DNS server:	
Alternate DNS server:	

Manually Configuring Network Adapters in Windows 98SE or Me

- 1. Right-click on "My Network Neighborhood" and select "Properties" from the drop-down menu.
- Select "TCP/IP Settings" for your installed network adapter. You will see the following window.

Bindings	Adv	anced	N	etBIOS
INS Configuration	Gateway	WINS Confi	guration	IP Address
An IP address car If your network do your network admi the space below.	es not autor	natically assign	n IP addr	esses, ask
Obtain an IP	address au	tomatically		
C Specify an IF	address:			
	k:			
Detect conn	ection to ne	twork media		

- **3.** If "Specify and IP address" is selected, your Router will need to be set up for a static IP connection type. Write the address information in the table below. You will need to enter this information into the Router.
- **4.** Write the IP address and subnet mask from the "IP Address" tab **(3)**.
- 5. Click the "Gateway" tab (2). Write the gateway address down in the chart.
- Click the "DNS Configuration" tab (1). Write the DNS address(es) in the chart.
- If not already selected, select "Obtain IP address automatically" on the IP address tab. Click "OK".

IP address:	
Subnet Mask:	
Default gateway:	
Preferred DNS server:	
Alternate DNS server:	

Restart the computer. When the computer restarts, your network adapter(s) are now configured for use with the Router.

In most cases, you will not need to make any changes to your web browser's settings. If you are having trouble accessing the Internet or the advanced web-based user interface, then change your browser's settings to the recommended settings in this section.

Internet Explorer 4.0 or Higher

1. Start your web browser. Select "Tools" then "Internet Options".



2. In the "Internet Options" screen, there are three selections: "Never dial a connection", "Dial whenever a network connection is not present", and "Always dial my default connection". If you can make a selection, select "Never dial a connection". If you cannot make a selection, go to the next step.

Internet (ptions					? ×
General	Security	Content	Connections	Programs	Advanced	
Pial-u			nnection Wizar ter to the Inte		Setyp	
				_	A <u>d</u> d	
					Remove	

3. Under the "Internet Options" screen, click on "Connections" and select "LAN Settings...".

4. Make sure there are no check marks next to any of the displayed options: "Automatically detect settings", "Use automatic configuration script", and "Use a proxy server". Click "OK". Then click "OK" again in the "Internet Options" page.

use of manual settings, disable		ation.
 Automatically detect setting Use automatic configuration 		
Address	- Tereba	
roxy server		
Use a pro <u>×</u> y server		
Addr <u>e</u> ss: 172.16.4.69	Port: 80	Advanged
Bypass proxy server for		

Netscape Navigator 4.0 or Higher

- 1. Start Netscape. Click on "Edit" then "Preferences".
- 2. In the "Preferences" window, click on "Advanced" then select "Proxies". In the "Proxies" window, select "Direct connection to the Internet".

Category	Proxies	
 ✓ Appearance Font Colors Font Colors Themes Concreter Packs Decopore I Mail and Nevergoupt I Instant Messenge Phacy and Socuthy Ø Advanced Cache Proces Software Installst Moure Wheel System Ottime and Disk Space 	Configue Proxies to Access the Internet A network proxy provides additional security between Internet Proxies and accinences and performance betwee O Direct connection to the Internet O Marcula proxy configuration ETP Proxy:	Port Port Port Port Port Port Port Port Port

How to set up your network to operate with AOL® for Broadband and your new Belkin Router

There are two types of AOL connections available—either AOL DSL or AOL Cable. A third service is called AOL BYOA (Bring Your Own Access). This is used along with an existing broadband connection, supplied by your Internet Service Provider (ISP). If you have AOL DSL, please refer to "Directions for AOL DSL Users" below for setup instructions. If you have either AOL Cable or the AOL BYOA service, please go to the "Directions for AOL Cable Users" section of this guide, on page 104.

Directions for AOL DSL Users

- **STEP 1:** Create AOL screen names for the Router and for each computer that will be using your AOL service.
- **STEP 2:** Configure the Router for AOL for Broadband.
- **STEP 3:** Configure your computers with the new AOL screen names you just created.

Step 1 AOL DSL Users: Creating new AOL screen names

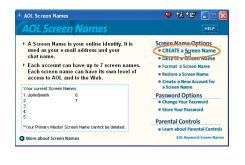
- 1. If your Router is currently connected to the network, remove it from the network and connect it directly to your broadband modem. Then, log on to AOL as you normally do.
- 2. Log on to your AOL master account.
- Perform a keyword search on "names" by clicking "Keyword", and then "Go to Keyword".



 In the "Keyword" window, type in "names" then click "Go".



 You will see the "AOL Screen Names" window. Click "CREATE a Screen Name".

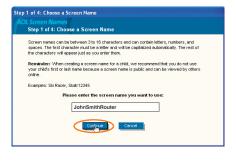


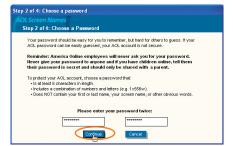
6. A window will appear that asks whether the screen name is for a child. If you are creating the screen name for the Router, click "Yes" or "No" (it doesn't matter which you select). If you are creating a screen name for an additional computer, select the appropriate answer.



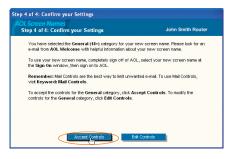
How to Set Up your Network

- 7. The "Choose a Screen Name" window will appear. Type in a screen name, and click "Continue". If this screen name is for the Router. the name you choose should be something like your master screen name followed by the word Router. For instance "JohnSmithBouter". If the screen name is for a computer, type in the screen name of the computer for which you are creating this screen name. Click "Continue".
- 8. The "Choose a password" screen will appear. Enter the password for this screen name twice, and click "Continue".





- 9. The "Select a Parental Controls setting" window will appear. If this screen name is for the Router, choose any one of the settings (it doesn't matter which). If this screen name is for a computer, choose the desired setting and click "Continue".
- **10.** The "Confirm your Settings" window will appear. Select "Accept Controls".
- Step 3 of 4: Select a Parental Controls setting Step 3 of 4: Select a Parental Controls Category Select the age category that is most appropriate for the user of this screen name. Provides access to all communication features and content on AOL and the (• General (18+) Web. With this category, members can make online purchases through AOL that will be billed to you using your AOL account information. C Mature Teen (16-17) Provides access to all content on AOL but limits access to Web sites known to contain violent or explicitly adult content. Mature Teens can communicate with others through e-mail, instant messaging, and chat rooms. C Young Teen (13-15) Provides access to most content on AOL but limits access to Web sites known to contain violent, mature, or explicitly adult content. Young Teens can communicate through e-mail, instant messaging, and most chat rooms. ⊂ Kids Only (12 & Under) Provides access to AOL's Kids Only Channel but limits access to inappropriate Web sites. Kids Only screen names can interact through e-mail and supervised chat and message boards. Instant Messaging is blocked. Continue



- The "AOL Screen Names" window appears. This window will include all the screen names you have created to this point.
- 12. Repeat steps 1-11 to add an additional screen name for each computer that will be using AOL and that will be connected to the Router. When you are finished adding screen names, go to Step 2.

AOL Screen Names	🎔 👯 🖅 🔲 🗖 🔀		
AOL Screen Names	HELP		
 A Screen Name is your online identity. It is used as your e-mail address and your chan name. Each account can have up to 7 screen names. Each screen name can have its own level of access to AOL and to the Web. 	Screen Name Options P CREATE a Screen Name P DELETE a Screen Name P Format a Screen Name Restore a Screen Name Create a New Account for		
Your current Screen Names:	a Screen Name		
1. JohnSmith* 6.	Password Options		
2. JohnSmithRouter 7.	Change Your Password		
3. 4.	Store Your Password		
5.	Parental Controls		
*Your Primary Master Screen Name cannot be deleted.	Learn about Parental Controls		
More about Screen Names	AOL Keyword: Screen Names		

Step 1 AOL DSL Users: Creating new AOL screen names

Follow this step only if you use AOL DSL. Connect your Router to your network per the instructions in your User Manual.

- 1. Open your web browser.
- 2. In the address bar of your browser, type http://192.168.2.1 and click "Go". You will be directed to the Router's home page. Click on "Connection Type" in the left-hand column under the "Internet WAN" heading.



- **3.** You will see the Router's login page. Leave the "Password" field blank and click "Submit".
- **4.** You will now see the PPPoE setup page.

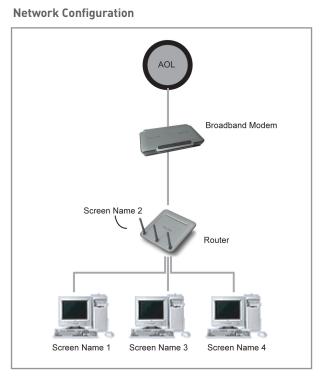
	ble/DSL Gateway Router Setup Utility
BELKIN	Home Help Logout Internet Status: Connected
LAN Setup LAN Settings	WAN > Connection Type > PPPoE
DHCP Client List Internet WAN	To enter your PPPoE settings, type in your information below and click "Apply changes". More Info
Connection Type DNS	User Name >
MAC Address Wireless	Password >
Channel and SSID Encryption	Retype Password >
Use as Access Point Wireless Bridge	Service Name (Optional) >
Firewall Virtual Servers	MTU (1440-1454) > 1454
Client IP Filters MAC Address Filtering	Do not make changes to the MTU setting unless your ISP specifically requires a different setting than 1454. More Info
DMZ WAN Ping Blocking	Disconnect after minutes of no activity.
Security Log Utilities	More Info
Parental Control Restart Router	Clear Changes Apply Changes
Restore Factory Default	
Save/Backup Settings	
Restore Previous Settings Firmware Update	

- 5. In the "User Name" field, type in the screen name that you created for your Router.
- **6.** In the "Password" fields, type in the password you created for the Router's screen name.
- 7. Leave the "Service Name" field blank. Do not change the MTU setting.
- 8. Click on "Apply Changes".
- **9.** Click on the "Home" link at the top of the screen. The Internet Status indicator should read "Connected".
- 10. Go to AOL DSL Users STEP 3.

Step 3 AOL DSL Users: Configure your computers with the AOL Screen names you just created

This step consists of installing the AOL software on each computer and configuring it to use one of the screen names you created in STEP 1. Remember that each computer MUST use a different screen name. For help installing and configuring the AOL software, contact AOL's technical support department.

AOL DSL



AOL Cable or AOL BYOA (Bring Your Own Access) Users Directions

AOL Cable users need to follow these directions. If you have AOL DSL, go to the "Directions for AOL DSL" section beginning on page 84.

AOL Cable Users STEP 1:

Create AOL screen names for each computer that will be using your AOL service.

AOL DSL Users STEP 2:

Configure your computers with the new AOL screen names you just created.

Directions for AOL Cable or AOL BYOA Users

Step 1

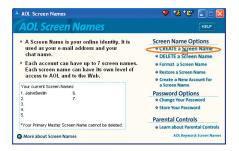
Creating new AOL screen names

Note: Your AOL connections must be set to operate on the TCP/IP standard. If you have designated another protocol, reset them to TCP/IP before proceeding.

- 1. Connect the Router to the network per the instructions in your User Manual. Once the Router is installed properly, go to the next step.
- 2. Log on to your AOL master account.
- Perform a keyword search on "names" by clicking "Keyword", and then "Go to Keyword".
- In the "Keyword" window, type in "names" then click "Go".



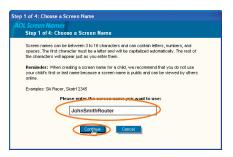
 You should see the "AOL Screen Names" window. Click "CREATE a Screen Name".



 A window will appear that asks whether the screen name is for a child. Click "Yes" or "No" to answer.



 The "Choose a Screen Name" window will appear. Type in the screen name of the computer for which you are creating this screen name. Click "Continue".



How to Set Up your Network

8. The "Choose a password" screen will appear. Enter the password for this screen name twice, and click "Continue".



 The "Select a Parental Controls setting" window will appear. Choose the appropriate setting for this screen name. Click "Continue".

Step 3 of 4: Select a Parental Controls setting				
AOL Screen Names Step 3 of 4: Select a I	Parental Controls Category			
Select the age category t	hat is most appropriate for the user of this screen name.			
•General (18+)	Provides access to all communication features and content on AOL and the Web. With this category, members can make online purchases through AOL that will be billed to you using your AOL account information.			
C Mature Teen (16-17)	Provides access to all content on AOL but limits access to Web sites known to contein violent or explicitly adult content. Mature Teens can communicate with others through e-mail, instant messaging, and chat rooms.			
⊂ Young Teen (13-15)	Provides access to most content on AOL but limits access to Web sites known to contain violent, mature, or explicitly adult content. Young Teens can communicate through e-mail, instant messaging, and most chat rooms.			
⊂ Kids Only (12 & Under)	Provides access to AOL's Kids Only Channel but limits access to inappropriate Web sites. Kids Only screen names can interact through e-mail and supervised chat and message boards. Instant Messaging is blocked.			
	Continue			

10. The "Confirm your Settings" window will appear. Select "Accept Controls".



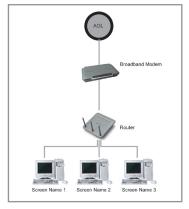
- 11. The "AOL Screen Names" window appears. This window will include all the accounts you have created to this point.
- 12. Repeat steps 1-11 for each computer that will be using AOL and that will be connected to your Belkin Router. When you are finished adding screen names, go to Step 2.



Step 2 Configure your computers with the new AOL screen names you just created

This step consists of installing the AOL software on each computer and configuring it to use one of the screen names you created in STEP 1. Remember that each computer MUST use a different screen name. For help installing and configuring the AOL software, contact AOL's technical support department.

Network Configuration



Installation CD does not automatically start.

Solution:

If the CD-ROM does not start the Easy Install Wizard automatically, it could be that the computer is running other applications that are interfering with the CD drive.

 If the Easy Install Wizard screen does not appear within 15-20 seconds, open up your CD-ROM drive by double-clicking on the "My Computer" icon that is located on your desktop.



2. Next, double-click on the CD-ROM drive that the Easy Installation CD has been placed in to start the installation.

Ny Computer	
File Edit: View Favorites Tool	i Heb 🥂
G 🔤 · 🔘 · 🍠 🔎	Search 😥 Folders 🔢 -
ddiess 😼 My Computer	🛩 🛃 🗠
System Tasks	* Nes Stored on This Computer
View cycless Information Add or sensive programs Company control Company control Company control Contro Control Control Contro Control	Sumed Documents Documents Documents Documents Documents Documents Documents Documents
Other Places 🛞	(((((((((((((((((((
C Plu Metwork Races	Devices with Removable Storage
Hy Decanents Shared Decanents Control Panel	🤹 315 Roppy (A.)
Details (0)	Other Pres Space (0 bytes Total Spec 4:30 HB
Easy Install (D:) CD Drive Pile System: CDPS Dess Distance	America Orden

3. The Easy Install Wizard should start within a few seconds. If, instead, a window appears showing the files on the CD, double-click on the icon labeled "EasyInstall.exe".

🕹 Easy Install (0:)			
File Edit: View Favorites Tools	Help		
3 tax + 3 - 3 ps	narch 😥 Folders 🛄-		
Address 🍓 Drj			M 🔁 😣
File and folder Tasks	Setup Information	Contribution of Contribution	
Recards this file Playe that file Copy this file Copy this file Coby this file	Contraction of the second seco	Cuan nardeze Cuan nardeze Cu	91
Other Places (*) Phi Corputer Phi Documents Phi			

4. If the Easy Install Wizard still does not start, reference the section titled "Manually Configuring Network Settings" (page 77) of this User Manual for an alternative setup method).

Easy Install Wizard cannot find my Router.

Solution:

If the Easy Install Wizard is not able to find the Router during the installation process, please check the following items:

- 1. If the Easy Install Wizard is not able to find the Router during the installation process, there may be third-party firewall software installed on the computer attempting to access the Internet. Examples of third-party firewall software are ZoneAlarm, BlackICE PC Protection, McAfee Personal Firewall, and Norton Personal Firewall. If you do have firewall software installed on your computer, please make sure that you properly configure it. You can determine if the firewall software is preventing Internet access by temporarily turning it off. If, while the firewall is disabled, Internet access works properly, you will need to change the firewall settings to function properly when it is turned on. Please refer to the instructions provided by the publisher of your firewall software for instructions on configuring the firewall to allow Internet access.
- 2. Unplug power to the Router for 10 seconds, and then plug the power back into the Router. Ensure that the Router's Power light is on; it should be solid green. If not, check to make sure that the AC adapter is connected to the Router and plugged into a wall outlet.
- Ensure that you have a cable (use the cable included with the Router) connected between [1] the network (Ethernet) port on the back of the computer and [2] one of the LAN ports, labeled "1" through "4", on the back of the Router.

Note: The computer should NOT be connected to the port labeled "Internet/WAN" on the back of the Router.

 Try shutting down and restarting your computer, then rerunning the Easy Install Wizard.

If the Easy Install Wizard is still unable to find the Router, reference the section titled "Manually Configuring Network Settings" for installation steps.

Easy Install Wizard cannot connect my Router to the Internet.

Solution:

If the Easy Install Wizard is not able to connect the Router to the Internet, please check the following items:

- Use the troubleshooting suggestions within the Easy Install Wizard. If the troubleshooting screen does not open automatically, click on the "Troubleshoot" button in the lower, right-hand corner of the Easy Install Wizard window.
- 2. If your ISP requires a user name and password, make sure that you have typed in your user name and password correctly. Some user names require that the ISP's domain may be at the end of the name. Example: "myname@myisp.com". The "@myisp. com" part of the user name may need to be typed as well as your user name.

If you continue to have no Internet connection, reference the section titled "Manually Configuring Network Settings" on page 77.

Problem:

- The Easy Install Wizard completed installation, but my web browser doesn't work.
- I am unable to connect to the Internet. The "WAN" light on my Router is off, and the "Connected" light is blinking.

Solution:

If you cannot connect to the Internet, and the "WAN" light is off, and the "Connected" light is blinking, the problem may be that your modem and Router are not connected properly.

 Make sure the network cable between the modem and the Router is connected. We strongly recommend using the cable that was supplied with your cable or DSL modem for this purpose. The cable should be connected at one end to the Router's "Internet/WAN" port, and at the other end to the network port on your modem.

- 2. Unplug the cable or DSL modem from its power source for three minutes. After three minutes, plug the modem back into its power source. This may force the modem to properly recognize the Router.
- 3. Unplug the power to your Router, wait 10 seconds, and then reconnect the power. This will cause the Router to reattempt communication with the modem. If the "WAN" light on the Router is not lit after completing these steps, please contact Belkin Technical Support.
- 4. Try shutting down and restarting your computer.

- The Easy Install Wizard completed installation, but my web browser doesn't work.
- I am unable to connect to the Internet. The "WAN" light on my Router is on, and the "Connected" light is blinking.

Solution:

- 1. If you cannot connect to the Internet, the "WAN" light is on, and the "Connected" light is blinking, the problem may be that your connection type may not match the ISP's connection.
- If you have a "static IP address" connection, your ISP must assign you the IP address, subnet mask, and gateway address. Please refer to the section entitled "Alternate Setup Method" for details on changing this setting.
- 3. If you have a "PPPoE" connection, your ISP will assign you a user name and password and sometimes a service name. Make sure the Router's connection type is configured to PPPoE and the settings are entered properly. Please refer to the section entitled "Alternate Setup Method" for details on changing this setting.
- 4. You may need to configure your Router to meet the specific requirements of your ISP. To search our knowledge base for ISP-specific issues, go to: http://web.belkin.com/support and type in "ISP".

If you are still unable to access the Internet after verifying these settings, please contact Belkin Technical Support.

- The Easy Install Wizard completed, but my web browser doesn't work.
- I am unable to connect to the Internet. The "WAN" light on my Router is blinking, and the "Connected" light is solid.

Solution:

- If the "WAN" light is blinking, and the "Connected" light is solid, but you are unable to access the Internet, there may be thirdparty firewall software installed on the computer attempting to access the Internet. Examples of third-party firewall software are ZoneAlarm, BlackICE PC Protection, McAfee Personal Firewall, and Norton Personal Firewall.
- 2. If you do have firewall software installed on your computer, please make sure that you properly configure it. You can determine if the firewall software is preventing Internet access by temporarily turning it off. If, while the firewall is disabled, Internet access works properly, you will need to change the firewall settings to function properly when it is turned on.
- **3.** Please refer to the instructions provided by the publisher of your firewall software for instructions on configuring the firewall to allow Internet access.

If you are still unable to access the Internet after disabling any firewall software, please contact Belkin Technical Support.

I can't connect to the Internet wirelessly.

Solution:

If you are unable to connect to the Internet from a wireless computer, please check the following items:

- 1. Look at the lights on your Router. If you're using a Belkin Router, the lights should be as follows:
 - The "Power" light should be on.
 - The "Connected" light should be on, and not blinking.
 - The "WAN Internet" light should be either on or blinking.
 - The "Wireless" light should be on or blinking
- 2. Open your wireless utility software by clicking on the icon in the system tray at the bottom, right-hand corner of the screen.
- **3.** The exact window that opens will vary depending on the model of wireless card you have; however, any of the utilities should have a list of "Available Networks"—those wireless networks it can connect to.



Does the name of your wireless network appear in the results?

Yes, my network name is listed – go to the troubleshooting solution titled "I can't connect to the Internet wirelessly, but my network name is listed"

No, my network name is not listed - go to the troubleshooting solution titled "I can't connect to the Internet wirelessly, and my network name is not listed"

I can't connect to the Internet wirelessly, but my network name is listed.

Solution:

If the name of your network is listed in the "Available Networks" list, please follow the steps below to connect wirelessly:

- 1. Click on the correct network name in the "Available Networks" list.
- 2. If the network has security (encryption) enabled, you will need to enter the network key. For more information regarding security, see the page entitled: Setting up wireless security
- **3.** Within a few seconds, the tray icon in the lower left-hand corner of your screen should turn green, indication a successful connection to the network.

Problem:

I can't connect to the Internet wirelessly, and my network name is not listed.

Solution

If the correct network name is not listed under "Available Networks" in the wireless utility, please attempt the following troubleshooting steps:

- Temporarily move computer, if possible, five to 10 feet from the Router. Close the wireless utility, and reopen it. If the correct network name now appears under "Available Networks", you may have a range or interference problem. Please see the suggestions discussed in the section titled "Placement of your Wireless Pre-N Router" on page 4 of this User Manual.
- Using a computer that is connected to the Router via a network cable (as opposed to wirelessly), ensure that "Broadcast SSID" is enabled. This setting is found on the Router's wireless "Channel and SSID" configuration page.

If you are still unable to access the Internet after completing these steps, please contact Belkin Technical Support.

- My wireless network performance is inconsistent.
- Data transfer is sometimes slow.
- Signal strength is poor.
- Difficulty establishing and/or maintaining a Virtual Private Network (VPN) connection.

Solution:

Wireless technology is radio-based, which means connectivity and the throughput performance between devices decreases when the distance between devices increases. Other factors that will cause signal degradation (metal is generally the worst culprit) are obstructions such as walls and metal appliances. Note also that connection speed may decrease as you move farther away from the Router (or Access Point).

In order to determine if wireless issues are related to range, we suggest temporarily moving the computer, if possible, five to 10 feet from the Router.

Changing the wireless channel—Depending on local wireless traffic and interference, switching the wireless channel of your network can improve performance and reliability. The default channel the Router is shipped with is channel 11; you may choose from several other channels depending on your region. See the section on page 48 entitled "Changing the Wireless Channel" for instructions on how to choose other channels.

Limiting the wireless transmit rate – Limiting the wireless transmit rate can help improve the maximum wireless range and connection stability. Most wireless cards have the ability to limit the transmission rate. To change this property, go to the Windows Control Panel, open "Network Connections" and double-click on your wireless card's connection. In the properties dialog, select the "Configure" button on the "General" tab (Windows 98 users will have to select the wireless card in the list box and then click "Properties"), then choose the "Advanced" tab and select the rate property. Wireless client cards are usually set to automatically adjust the wireless transmit rate for you, but doing so can cause periodic disconnects when the wireless signal is too weak; as a rule, slower transmission rates are more stable. Experiment with different connection rates until you find the best one for your environment. Note that all available transmission rates should be acceptable for browsing the Internet. For more assistance, see your wireless card's user manual.

Problem:

I am having difficulty setting up Wired Equivalent Privacy (WEP) security on a Belkin Router or Belkin Access Point

Solution

1. Log into your Wireless Router or Access Point.

Open your web browser and type in IP address of the Wireless Router or Access Point. (The Router default is 192.168.2.1, the 802.11g Access Point is 192.168.2.254). Log into your router by clicking on the "Login" button in the top right-hand corner of the screen. You will be asked to enter your password. If you never set a password, leave the password field blank and click "Submit".

Click the "Wireless" tab on the left of your screen. Select the "Encryption" or "Security" tab to get to the security settings page.

- 2. Select "128-bit WEP" from the drop-down menu.
- 3. After selecting your WEP encryption mode, you can type in your hex WEP key manually, or you can type in a passphrase in the "Passphrase" field and click "Generate" to create a WEP key from the passphrase. Click "Apply Changes" to finish. You must now set all of your clients to match these settings. A hex (hexadecimal) key is a mixture of numbers and letters from A-F and 0-9. For 128-bit WEP, you need to enter 26 hex keys.

For example:

C3030FAF4BB2C3D44BC3D4E7E4 = 128-bit key

4. Click "Apply Changes" to finish. Encryption in the Wireless Router is now set. Each of your computers on your wireless network will now need to be configured with the same security settings. **WARNING:** If you are configuring the Wireless Router or Access Point from a computer with a wireless client, you will need to ensure that security is turned on for this wireless client. If this is not done, you will lose your wireless connection.

Note to Mac users: Original Apple Airport[®] products support 64bit encryption only. Apple Airport 2 products can support 64-bit or 128-bit encryption. Please check your Apple Airport product to see which version you are using. If you cannot configure your network with 128-bit encryption, try 64-bit encryption.

Problem:

I am having difficulty setting up Wired Equivalent Privacy (WEP) security on a Belkin client card

Solution:

The client card must use the same key as the Wireless Router or Access Point. For instance, if your Wireless Router or Access Point uses the key 00112233445566778899AABBCC, then the client card must be set to the exact same key.

- 1. Double-click the Signal Indicator icon to bring up the Wireless Network screen. The Advanced button will allow you to view and configure more options of your card.
- 2. The "Advanced" button will allow you to view and configure more options of the card.
- **3.** Once the advanced button is clicked the Belkin Wireless LAN Utility will appear. This Utility will allow you to manage all the advanced features of the Belkin wireless card.
- 4. Under the "Wireless Network Properties" tab, select a network name from the "Available networks" list and click the "Properties" button
- 5. Under "Data Encryption" select "WEP"
- 6. Ensure the check box "The key is provided for me automatically" at the bottom is unchecked. If you are using this computer to connect to a corporate network, please consult your network administrator if this box needs to be checked.

7. Type you WEP key in the "Network key' box.

Important: A WEP key is a mixture of numbers and letters from A-F and 0-9. For 128-bit WEP, you need to enter 26 keys. This Network key needs to match the key you assign to your Wireless Router or Access Point.

For example: C3030FAF4BB2C3D44BC3D4E7E4 = 128-bit key

8. Click "OK", and then "Apply" to save the settings.

For non-Belkin wireless client cards please consult the manufacturer for that wireless client card's user manual

Problem:

Do Belkin products support WPA?

Solution

Note: To use WPA security, all your clients must be upgraded to drivers and software that support it. At the time of this FAQ publication, a security patch download is available, for free, from Microsoft. This patch works only with the Windows XP operating system.

Download the patch here:

```
http://www.microsoft.com/downloads/details.
aspx?FamilyID=009d8425-ce2b-47a4-abec-274845dc9e91&displayl
ang=en
```

You also need to download the latest driver for your Belkin Wireless 802.11g Desktop or Notebook Network Card from the Belkin support site. Other operating systems are not supported at this time. Microsoft's patch only supports devices with WPA-enabled drivers such as Belkin 802.11g products

Download the latest driver at http://web.belkin.com/support for the following products:

F5D7000, F5D7001, F5D7010, F5D7011, F5D7230-4, F5D7231-4, F5D7130

I am having difficulty setting up Wireless Protected Access (WPA) security on a Belkin Wireless Router (or Belkin Access Point) for a home network.

Solution:

- 1. From the "Security Mode" drop-down menu, select "WPA-PSK (no server)".
- 2. For "Encryption Technique", select "TKIP" or "AES". This setting will have to be identical on the clients that you set up.
- Enter your pre-shared key. This can be from eight to 63 characters and can be letters, numbers, symbols, or spaces. This same key must be used on all of the clients that you set up. For example, your PSK might be something like: "Smith family network key".
- **4.** Click "Apply Changes" to finish. You must now set all clients to match these settings.

Problem:

I am having difficulty setting up Wireless Protected Access (WPA) security on a Belkin wireless client card for a home network.

Solution:

Clients must use the same key that the Wireless Router (or Access Point) uses. For instance, if the key is "Smith Family Network Key" in the Wireless Router (or Access Point), the clients must also use that same key.

- 1. Double-click the Signal Indicator icon to bring up the "Wireless Network" screen. The "Advanced" button will allow you to view and configure more options of your card.
- Once the "Advanced" button is clicked, the Belkin Wireless Utility will appear. This Utility will allow you to manage all the advanced features of the Belkin Wireless Card.

- **3.** Under the "Wireless Network Properties" tab, select a network name from the "Available networks" list and click the "Properties" button.
- 4. Under "Network Authentication", select "WPA-PSK (no server).
- 5. Type your WPA key in the "Network key" box.

Important: WPA-PSK is a mixture of numbers and letters from A-Z and 0-9. For WPA-PSK you can enter eight to 63 characters. This network key needs to match the key you assign to your Wireless Router (or Access Point).

6. Click "OK, then "Apply" to save the settings.

Problem:

I am NOT using a Belkin client card for a home network and I am having difficulty setting up Wireless Protected Access (WPA) security.

Solution:

If you are not using a Belkin Wireless Desktop or Wireless Notebook Network Card that is not equipped with WPA-enabled software, a file from Microsoft called "Windows XP Support Patch for Wireless Protected Access" is available for free download. Download the patch from Microsoft by searching the knowledge base for Windows XP WPA.

Note: The file that Microsoft has made available works only with Windows XP. Other operating systems are not supported at this time. You also need to ensure that the wireless card's manufacturer supports WPA and that you have downloaded and installed the latest driver from their support site.

Supported Operating Systems:

- Windows XP Professional
- Windows XP Home Edition

Supported Operating Systems:

- Windows XP Professional
- Windows XP Home Edition
- 1. Under Windows XP, click "Start > Control Panel > Network Connections".
- Right-clicking on the "Wireless Networks" tab will display the following screen. Ensure the "Use Windows to configure my wireless network settings" check box is checked.
- **3.** Under the "Wireless Networks" tab, click the "Configure" button and you will see the following screen.
- For a home or small business user, select "WPA-PSK" under "Network Administration".

Note: Select WPA (with radius server) if you are using this computer to connect to a corporate network that supports an authentication server such as a radius server. Please consult your network administrator for further information.

- Select "TKIP" or "AES" under "Date Encryption". This setting will have to be identical to the Wireless Router (or Access Point) that you set up.
- **6.** Type in your encryption key in the "Network Key" box.

Important: Enter your pre-shared key. This can be from eight to 63 characters and can be letters, numbers, or symbols. This same key must be used on all of the clients that you set up.

7. Click "OK" to apply settings.

What is the difference between 802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11a, and Pre-N?

Currently there are four levels of wireless networking standards, which transmit data at very different maximum speeds. Each is based on the designation 802.11(x), so named by the IEEE, the board that is responsible for certifying networking standards. The most common wireless networking standard, 802.11b, transmits information at 11Mbps; 802.11a and 802.11g work at 54Mbps; and Pre-N works at 108Mbps. Pre-N, the precursor to the upcoming 802.11n release, promises speeds that exceed 802.11g, and up to 800% wider coverage area. See the following chart for more detailed information.

Wireless Comparison Chart

Wireless Technology	802.11b	802.119	802.11a	Belkin Pre-N
Speed	11Mbps	54Mbps	54Mbps	600% faster than standard 802.11g*
y Frequency	Common household devices such as cordless phones and microwave ovens may interfere with the unlicensed band 2.4GHz	Common household devices such as cordless phones and microwave ovens may interfere with the unlicensed band 2.4GHz	5GHz - uncrowded band	Common household devices such as cordless phones and microwave ovens may interfere with the unlicensed band 2.4GHz
Compatibility	Compatible with 802.11g	Compatible with 802.11b	Incompatible with 802.11b or 802.11g	Compatible with 802.11g or 802.11b
Coverage*	Depends on interference – typically 100– 200 ft. indoors	Depends on interference – typically 100– 200 ft. indoors	Interference range is typically 50– 100 ft.	Up to 800% wider coverage than standard 802.11g*
Advantage	Mature—legacy technology	Common— widespread use for Internet sharing	Less interference— great for multimedia application	Leading edge— best coverage and throughput

*Distance and connection speeds will vary depending on your networking environment.

section

Technical Support

You can find technical support information at **www.belkin.com** or **www.belkin.com/networking**. If you want to contact technical support by phone, please call:

US:	877-736-5771 310-898-1100 ext. 2263
Europe:	00 800 223 55 460
Australia:	1800 235 546
New Zealand:	0800 235 546
Singapore:	800 616 1790

FCC Statement

DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY WITH FCC RULES FOR ELECTROMAGNETIC COMPATIBILITY We, Belkin Corporation, of 501 West Walnut Street, Compton, CA 90220, declare under our sole responsibility that the product,

F5D8230-4

to which this declaration relates, complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Caution: Exposure to Radio Frequency Radiation.

The radiated output power of this device is far below the FCC radio frequency exposure limits. Nevertheless, the device shall be used in such a manner that the potential for human contact during normal operation is minimized. When connecting an external antenna to the device, the antenna shall be placed in such a manner to minimize the potential for human contact during normal operation. In order to avoid the possibility of exceeding the FCC radio frequency exposure limits, human proximity to the antenna shall not be less than 20cm (8 inches) during normal operation.

Federal Communications Commission Notice

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation.

This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try and correct the interference by one or more of the following measures: sectio

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the distance between the equipment and the receiver.
- Connect the equipment to an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

Modifications

The FCC requires the user to be notified that any changes or modifications to this device that are not expressly approved by Belkin Corporation may void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

Canada-Industry Canada (IC)

The wireless radio of this device complies with RSS 139 & RSS 210 Industry Canada. This Class B digital apparatus complies with Canadian ICES-003.

Cet appareil numérique de la classe B conforme á la norme NMB-003 du Canada.

Europe-European Union Notice

Radio products with the CE 0682 or CE alert marking comply with the R&TTE Directive (1995/5/EC) issued by the Commission of the European Community.



Compliance with this directive implies conformity to the following European Norms (in brackets are the equivalent international standards).

- EN 60950 (IEC60950) Product Safety
- EN 300 328 Technical requirement for radio equipment
- ETS 300 826 General EMC requirements for radio equipment.



To determine the type of transmitter, check the identification label on your Belkin product.

Products with the CE marking comply with the EMC Directive (89/336/EEC) and the Low Voltage Directive (72/23/EEC) issued by the Commission of the European Community. Compliance with these directives implies conformity to the following European Norms (in brackets are the equivalent international standards).

- EN 55022 (CISPR 22) Electromagnetic Interference
- EN 55024 (IEC61000-4-2,3,4,5,6,8,11) Electromagnetic Immunity
- EN 61000-3-2 (IEC610000-3-2) Power Line Harmonics
- EN 61000-3-3 (IEC610000) Power Line Flicker
- EN 60950 (IEC60950) Product Safety

Products that contain the radio transmitter are labeled with CE 0682 or CE alert marking and may also carry the CE logo.

Belkin Corporation Limited Lifetime Product Warranty

Belkin Corporation warrants this product against defects in materials and workmanship for its lifetime. If a defect is discovered, Belkin will, at its option, repair or replace the product at no charge provided it is returned during the warranty period, with transportation charges prepaid, to the authorized Belkin dealer from whom you purchased the product. Proof of purchase may be required.

This warranty does not apply if the product has been damaged by accident, abuse, misuse, or misapplication; if the product has been modified without the written permission of Belkin; or if any Belkin serial number has been removed or defaced.

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Some states do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages or exclusions of implied warranties, so the above limitations or exclusions may not apply to you. This warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may also have other rights that vary from state to state.

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Wi-FI® Interoperability Certificate

Wi-Fi [®] Interoperability Certificate Certification ID: W002654						
Wi Fi) [®]	This certificate represents the capabilities and features that have passed the interoperability testing governed by the Wi-Fi Alliance. Detailed descriptions of these features can be found at www.wi-fi.org/certificate					
CERTIFIED	Certification Date: August 27, 2004 Category: Access Point Company: Belin Components Product: Wireless Router/F5D8230-4 Mode/SKU #: FSD8230-4 This product has passed Wi-Fi certification testing for the following standards:			wing standards:		
IEEE Standard	Security		Multimedia			
802.11b 802.11g	WPA™ - Personal					
For more information: www.wi-fi.org/certified_products						



Wireless Pre-N Router

BELKIN®

www.belkin.com

Belkin Tech Support

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